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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Churchill To Seek Confidence Vote Again?

Tobruk Raises Issue Of War Policy Anew

GREENWOOD-BELISHA MOVE TO CENSURE GOVT.

U. S. Press Accuses Britain Of Lack Of Aggressive Spirit

LONDON, June 23.

Before the big two-day debate on Libya begins in Parliament a motion of "no confidence" in the way the war is being directed may be tabled by a number of Government's chief critics in the Commons, though this is not yet certain.

If such a motion is put forward, Government will probably counter it with a motion of confidence, says Reuter's political correspondent.

CHIEF CRITICS

Government's chief critics are expected to be the former War Cabinet Minister, Mr. Arthur Greenwood, and a former War Secretary Mr. Hore Belisha, together with Earl Winterton and Sir John Wardlaw Milne.

Mr. Attlee was cross-examined regarding the optimistic tone of Press messages from Cairo published as late as Sunday. Mr. Attlee retorted that that was not the official view and Government could not accept responsibility.

NO ORGANISED EVACUATION

ALEXANDRIA, June 23.

There was no organised evacuation of Tobruk. The defenders were determined to cut their way out, according to an eye-witness. There were only a few small naval units and one small schooner in harbour and practically all got away.

How Tobruk Fell

Reuter's special correspondent at the battle headquarters of the Eighth Army writes:—

Mass Stuka raids on the garrison's anti-aircraft defences followed by a very heavy artillery barrage led up to the fall of Tobruk.

A Sapper Lieutenant from London told me this to-day after being evacuated from the fortress by sea. Anti-aircraft gunners replied gallantly for half an hour, shooting down many planes. "But it was a hopeless struggle and one by one the guns fell silent" said the sapper.

The last the sapper saw of Tobruk was a great mass of swirling smoke. The last he heard was the rattle of machine-guns and hand-grenade explosions.—

South African Corporal's Story

Here is a description of all he saw as told by a South African corporal who had escaped in the second lighter under cover of the smoke screen. He said that soon after 07.00 on Saturday between ten and twenty enemy tanks attacked South African defences from the south-west. "I saw eight tanks knocked out in five minutes by fire from the 25 pounders." He added: "The next I saw the Italian infantry had attacked our gun positions from the rear. The South Africans immediately turned their guns and fired on the Italians point blank. The Italians retreated." Here the corporal was wounded, but an RASC Officer took him to town and put him on the lighter.

These two survivors saw General Rommel's attack was flung in straight at the town, leaving the garrison between his tanks and infantry.

Two Voices From Australia

MELBOURNE: The Australian Army Minister, Mr. Forde declared at Melbourne to-day: "Don't under-estimate Tobruk's fall. It is a serious blow to the Allied cause. Tobruk is one tip of the pincers, the other tip of which is threatening Sebastopol. If they close, it means the end of the Suez Canal and the driving out of the Allies from the Mediterranean."

Gen. Sir Thomas Blamey, Commander of the Allied land forces in Australia, in a speech here to-day said the recent events in Libya had nothing like the significance being given to them.

CHARTER FOR FREE FRANCE

Two-Point Accord Between De Gaulle And Patriots To Be Published

LONDON, June 23.

An accord on the future status of France between General de Gaulle and patriots in France will be published to-morrow, learns Reuter's diplomatic correspondent. The document contains two main points.

FIRSTLY, restoration of Republican liberties in France on the basis of the traditional liberty, equality and fraternity;

SECONDLY, the constitution of a form of State by a new National Assembly elected on a democratic basis.—Reuter.

Carping Critics Criticised

CANBERRA, June 23.

Interviewed on Tuesday the Australian Prime Minister Mr. Curtin made a slashing attack on "carping critics and fault-finders" in connection with the "Libyan" campaign.

He expressed admiration and gratitude to "the gallant leaders of gallant men of the United Nations' fighting forces in every theatre of war."—Reuter.

American Press Blames Britain For "Lack Of Aggressive Spirit

WASHINGTON, June 23.

"The scales of destiny in the Near East are precariously poised", said the "Washington Star" on Monday.

The paper emphasises that repercussions of Rommel's conquest in Libya are serious both strategically and in the field of diplomacy. The paper also reflects the puzzle felt in Washington over the technique which enabled Rommel to crack Tobruk's permanent fortifications in 48 hours.

Other American papers paid attention to the fact that Egypt is now awaiting an Axis attack following the British loss of Tobruk.

A Cairo despatch, in which the correspondent blames the British for "lack of aggressive spirit", received much prominence.

The newspaper "P M" printed a picture of the German 88 millimetre gun with the caption "one of the weapons which beat the British in Libya." The same paper carried the headline "London staggered by the defeat seeks to place the blame."

The "New York Post" said, "The disaster in Libya may blight hopes of a second front in 1942."—Reuter.

INDIA TUSSLE AT WHITEHALL

Br. Reaction Resists Cripps' Plea To Transfer Home And Finance To Indians

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 23.

Still nothing is known officially regarding the date of announcement of the appointments to the Viceroy's Council, though it is believed that it cannot be delayed beyond this month. One reason for delay appears to be that a tussle has been going on over the question of transferring the portfolios of Home and Finance to Indian non-officials.

Apparently Sir Stafford Cripps is anxious to show this gesture immediately, but powerful forces are working against this move.

Those who are pleading for the transfer of the portfolios of Home and Finance to Indians hope this will bring a large body like the Sapru non-party Group to support Government but so far, there is no sign of Whitehall yielding to the demand for complete Indianization.

Axis Hordes 20 Miles From Egypt's Border

RAPID DRIVE THROUGH BARDIA ROAD

British Eighth Army Ready To Meet Rommel's New Thrust

LONDON, June 23.

Reuter's special correspondent with the Eighth Army Headquarters writes:—

General Rommel is reported tonight to be massing his main forces opposite Fort Capuzzo in the centre of the Eighth Army's new frontier line with some units further south towards Sidi Omar.

RAPID DRIVE

A VERY STRONG COLUMN OF TANKS AND LORRIES WITH INFANTRY WAS SIGHTED MOVING RAPIDLY EAST FROM TOBRUK ALONG THE BARDIA ROAD JUST PAST GAMBUT, SOME 20 MILES FROM THE FRONTIER. AT DAWN TODAY IT IS STILL MAKING RAPID HEADWAY

At the Eighth Army Headquarters it is expected that Gen. Rommel's main attack on our defence line will be launched as soon as the column is in position. Last night the artillery was engaged by the advance forces, evidently in an attempt to feel out the strength of the defences.

Lull Before Storm

While it would appear that there is a temporary lull in the fighting in Libya, opinion in authoritative quarters in London today was that this would not last very long. It is well-known that the Germans will lose no time in making their next move and that the move would appear to be obvious. They may even be attacking now.

Some Troops Got Away By Sea

It is known that some troops were got away from Tobruk by sea but they were only small parties and very few managed to fight their way out. The garrison before the battle started consisted of South African troops, who were joined by other regiments. Part of the South Africans were in Tobruk and part further west of Gazala.

It is probable that demolitions in Bardia were thorough and there is reason to hope that a big Axis munition dump, which was known to be in Bardia has been destroyed.

Demolitions in Tobruk are not likely to have been quite so thorough owing to the swiftness of events.

SLIGHT AXIS ACTIVITY ON EGYPT'S FRONTIER

CAIRO, June 23.

To-day's Middle East Communique states: "Our mobile forces were active yesterday in the area south of Trigh-Capuzzo. Enemy activity in the frontier area was slight during the day."

ENEMY AERODROMES BOMBED

An R.A.F. Middle East Communique to-day states:—"Throughout yesterday and the previous night our aircraft attacked the enemy in Libya, raiding aerodromes, shooting up supply transport and heavily bombing rear bases such as Benghazi.

BOSTON aircraft of the South African Air Force bombed enemy transport on the road between Tobruk and Capuzzo and raided Baheira aerodrome.

Heavy bombers operated against Gazala and Tmimi. LIBERATORS of United States army air corps co-operated with R.A.F. bombers in raiding Benghazi on Sunday night, many fires being caused and damage to railway sidings and harbour moles. Our fighters maintained constant patrols throughout the day but little enemy opposition was encountered.

BIGGEST U. S. WAR BILL

Army Strength To Be Raised To Four And Half Million By July, 1943

WASHINGTON, June 23.

The largest army supply bill in the history of the United States, 42,820 million dollars, was reported to the House of Representatives by Appropriations Committee.

The measure provides 12,700 million for financing war material for the United Nations, bringing the Lend-Lease aid to 62,945 million appropriation, which is more than the country's direct outlay for the world war. It provides for an army strength of 4,500,000 by July 1, next year.—Reuter.

SPECIAL ENQUIRY ON GANDHIJI'S ARTICLES

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 22.

It is reliably learnt from well-informed circles that a special inquiry is going on by India Government of Gandhiji's articles published in "Harijan".

U. S. Railway Expert For India

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 23.

I understand as a result of the Grady Mission's recommendations an American railway expert will shortly arrive in this country for examining the wagon position and show how maximum use could be made of the existing stocks.

Allied Activity Near Fort Capuzzo

CAIRO, June 23.

To-day's Middle East communique states "Our mobile forces were active yesterday in the area of Trigh-Capuzzo. Enemy activity in the frontier area was slight during the day."—Reuter.

HUQ FOR DARJEELING

CALCUTTA, June 23.

The Chief Minister of Bengal Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq left for Darjeeling to-night for change, in view of his ill-health. He is expected to return to Calcutta after about a week.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

R.A.F. BOMBS DUNKIRK DOCKS

LONDON, June 23.

Dunkirk docks were again attacked by BOSTON bombers escorted by SPITFIRES during offensive operations by the Fighter-Command to-day.

Pilots of protecting SPITFIRES saw bombs hit the docks and the quayside. Once again all bombers were brought safely back. None of the fighters are missing.—Reuter.

NEW YORK COTTON

To-day's Closing 18.34
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Azad's Advice Sought

Bengal Council Congress Party Chief Discusses Situation In Districts

CALCUTTA, June 23.

Mr. Kamini Kumar Dutt, leader of the Congress Party in the Bengal Council, met Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, and discussed with the Congress President the situation in certain districts of Bengal and sought his advice as to the duty of the people there.

SOLDIERS AND CIVIL POPULATION

Mr. Kamini Kumar Dutt in a communication with Sir Sikander Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, and Master Tara Singh, leader of the Akali Sikhs, sought their help in establishing cordial relation between Indian soldiers and the civil population.—United Press.

Azad's Sind Tour

CALCUTTA, June 23.

The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, has not yet been able to fix the date of his departure for Karachi for want of passage by air.

It is learnt that if air passage is not available within this week, the Maulana Saheb may have to postpone his Sind visit till after the meeting of the Congress Working Committee, which begins at Wardha on July 6.—A. P.

Several Congress Workers Arrested

DACCA, June 23.

A number of Congress workers were arrested to-day following police searches in various places in the city.—A. P.

FORWARD BLOC DISSOLVED IN BIHAR

PATNA, June 23.

The Bihar Provincial Forward Bloc and all the branches under it have been dissolved, it is learnt, according to an announcement by the General Secretary of the Provincial Forward Bloc.

It is stated that this step has been deemed necessary following Government's declaration of the Bloc as unlawful.—A. P.

CITY FORWARD BLOC OFFICE SEALED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay C.I.D. (Special Branch) took possession of the office of the Forward Bloc in Bombay, situated at Mantri House, Kennedy Sea Face, this morning. The police locked and sealed the premises after a thorough search lasting for about two hours.

Mymensingh Searches

MYMENSINGH, June 22.

The local police searched last night the office of the town Forward Bloc and some residential quarters, including those of Dr. Probhat Sen, and Mr. Nihar Ranjan Sarkar, President and Secretary, respectively, of the District Forward Bloc, and of Mr. Sailendra Nath Majundar and Mr. Upendra Kishore Roy, members of the Executive Committee of the town Forward Bloc.

After the searches, the police seized all papers and other articles in the office of the town Forward Bloc, which was then locked and sealed.—A. P.

Back-To-Wall Resistance In Sebastopol

Nazi Hordes Driven Back On Kharkov Front

KUIBYSHEV, June 23.

Russian troops have counter-attacked on one sector of the Kharkov front, driving the Germans back across a river and recapturing a number of villages on the western bank. The Germans had forced crossing of the river on Saturday.

The situation on this sector after a fortnight's determined fighting is that the Germans have made no progress despite the size of the force used.

SEBASTOPOL DEFENCE

(MONDAY NIGHT): The defenders of Sebastopol are fighting with their backs to the wall. The past 24 hours have brought no relief from the danger of the German wedge driven into Soviet defence lines on Sunday.

Children Evacuated From Sebastopol

The Moscow Radio quoting "The Pravda" says that part of the population of Sebastopol, particularly children has been evacuated.

Germans Driven Back

On one sector of the Kharkov front the Germans have been driven back across an unspecified river and a number of villages on the western bank have been recaptured. After a fortnight's fighting the Germans have made no progress despite the size of the force used.

When von Bock launched his attack in the Kharkov area on June 10 he had 30 divisions with an equal number in reserve massed in Echelon formation on a narrow front. Air bombing preceded tank and infantry attack.

The "Luftwaffe" carried out one thousand flights over Soviet lines on the first day alone. An avalanche of German tanks then swooped down but they were destroyed or dispersed.

STIFFEST FIGHTING AHEAD

Dozens of Red Army men clutching grenades and Molotov cocktails hurled themselves boldly in the path of the German tanks rather than let them pass. In an intense weeklong battle the Germans were fought to a standstill.

It is fully realised here that the stiffest fighting of the year lies ahead as the summer season starting roughly on July 1 is most suitable for large-scale operations. Only then rivers, gigantically swollen in the Spring, return to normal.

MOSCOW:—In the Kharkhov region repeated attacks of the enemy were repulsed. According to the "Pravda" German attacks were directed on objectives recently captured by Marshal Timoshenko's troops. The invaders were repulsed and the Russians are holding their positions.

There is no sign of slackening of German attacks in the Crimea region. The enemy made five attacks yesterday in the southern sector, but were repulsed by the defenders. The Germans left a large number of dead and derelict tanks on the field.

Messages received in Moscow indicate that the Axis losses have been very heavy in all sectors of Sebastopol. The Bucharest radio admitted that the Rumanian losses in the Russian campaign so far were 160,000 killed, wounded or missing.

To-day's Soviet 'communique' states: "During the night of June 22 no material changes took place at the front."—Reuter.

BALANCE-SHEET OF ONE YEAR OF WAR

LONDON, June 23.

The Moscow Radio on Tuesday morning quoting the Soviet Information Bureau declared that during the year's fighting the Germans have lost in killed, wounded and missing about ten millions.

Soviet losses are four and a half million.

In the same period the Germans lost over 30,500 guns while the Soviet lost 22,000. The Germans lost 24,000 tanks and the Soviet 15,000.

The Germans lost 20,000 aircraft and the Soviet 9,000.

Of German man-power losses no less than three and a half million were killed. Seventy per cent of the Red Army wounded have returned to the ranks but only 40 per cent. of the German wounded returned to the German army.

130 Czechs Executed

STOCKHOLM, June 23.

Never-ending executions of Czechs continue in Prague. Eighty-four were executed on Friday, 28 on Saturday and 18 on Sunday according to the Berlin correspondent of "Svenska Dagbladet".—Reuter.

Br. Miners Accept Wage Increases

LONDON, June 23.

Miners' delegates from all British coalfields to-day unanimously accepted the wage increases recommended by Lord Green's Board of Investigation.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

20. MATRIMONIAL

Guardian of a very fair and well educated Hindoo Deccani Girl (20) invites correspondence from educated young Hindoo gentleman (any caste) with minimum monthly income of Rs. 300/-, view matrimony. Apply Box 16446, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Branch Manager and E.D. Collector required by well-known firm, having several branches. Good salary with Prospects. Cash security essential. Bombay Land Finance Corporation, Balaram House, Charni Road (Fifth station opposite Hardinge). 16...

Wanted—Graduates teachers strong in English, Sanskrit, Mathematics & Science for the King George English School, Dadar. Apply to the Secretary. 16...

Wanted for Tent Factory, Ahmedabad, Accountant, Clerks, Storekeepers, Tailors, Mechanics, Dyers. Those having tents experience preferred. Apply Khemraj Bhagat, Ellisbridge, Ahmedabad. (16452)

Wanted Experienced Tracer for Engineering and Ship-building Drawing Office. Applications with copies of Testimonials should be forwarded to Box No. 8338, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted Lady Secretary for Bombay Presidency Women's Council, honorarium Rs. 50/75 P. M., according to qualification. Usual hours ten to one. Apply full particulars by 3rd July to Secretary, B. P. W. C., Town Hall Bombay. (16447)

Wanted:—Matrics, Non-Matrics for sub-offices establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply The Indo Finance & Transportation Corporation, Delhi. 16441

Wanted:—Managers, Clerks on Rs. 60/- & 40/- for our new office establishment in Bombay Presidency. Apply The General Business Emporium (India) Delhi. 164...

Wanted 150 Candidates desirous of services as Station Masters, Signallers, Clerks etc. Free quarter. Scholarships Rs. 80/- & Railfare paid. Apply with stamp to:—The Superintendent, Railway Training School, Ambala City. 16394

M.T.B. College, Surat—Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary are invited for the post of a Professor (Lecturer) of History and Economics. The candidate selected will be expected to lecture to B.A. Economics Honours Classes. Applications should reach the Principal before 1st July. The appointment will be up to 31st March, 1943, on probation. (6318)

62. TO BE LET.

Wanted Partner to share furnished Room Khetwadi Locality. Write with occupation to Box No. 16449 "Bombay Chronicle".

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Government Commercial Classes. Elphinstone High School, Bombay. Students prepared for the full course for the Government Commercial Diploma Examination, and also in single subjects such as Accountancy, Shorthand, Typewriting. Day Classes for students who have passed A. V. Std. V. Evening Classes for Matriculates. For admission and other particulars apply to the Head Master. (8754)

The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow (Government recognised) Candidates for admission to overseer class session July, 1942 to apply now. Examinations conducted and certificates awarded by the U. P. Government. Best results for last two years. Ample employment facilities in P.W.D., Local Boards, M.E.S., Railways, and States in India. Minimum qualification Matriculation with Mathematics. Free prospectus from the Principal. (3410)

Institute of Radio Technology Jestharam Baugh, Dadar, Bombay, commences fresh sessions from 29th of June in Radio Engineering Servicing, A.M.I.E.E., Wireless Telegraphy. London Qualified Staff, Govt., Certificates. Apply for prospectus. 875...

Bombay Technical Institute (Govt. Recognised) Bombay 27, provides intensive short time courses in Radio-servicing, Radio Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Wireless Telegraphy etc., to suit non-martries to Intermediate Standard students. Moderate fees Government Certificates and Diplomas. Hostel attached. New Management. Illustrated prospectus on two anna postage. Apply Principal. 8629

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Eye Cataract; Dimness; Cuts improves sight. Wasting time to Doctors, Hospitals. Write with stamp G. M. Makwana Malad. (16345)

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WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts of SHROFFS in the Kolhapur Residency Sub-Treasury lasting 3 or 4 months. Candidates having previous experience of shroffing in any of the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, His Majesty's Mint, Bombay, Imperial Bank of India or in any well-known banks and possessing sufficient knowledge of English will be given preference. Pay according to qualifications. Applications should reach the Treasury Officer, Kolhapur Residency Sub-Treasury before the 23th June, 1942. Copies of testimonials should be enclosed with the applications.
Kolhapur Residency, Deccan,
18th June, 1942. (8817)

KHALSA COLLEGE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, BOMBAY-19.

LUCRATIVE POSTS as electrical engineers, Wireless Operators, Radio Servicemen or Executive posts of Public Service Commission. Specialised short duration training for the Industry. Department expanded to meet demand. Courses for non-matrics to Cambridge and Inter-science. Examinations Wiremen, Electricians, City and Guilds, A.M.I.E.E., Govt. Radio Examination, P.M.G. etc. 1942 Govt. Examination Electrical results 92% passed. Session 20th June. Admission till 15th July Remit 3 annas stamp for prospectus.
PRINCIPAL. (8592)

H. P. T. COLLEGE, NASIK

THE COLLEGE OPENS on the 20th June. It teaches Honours Courses for B.A. in English, Sanskrit, Marathi and Economics and Pass Courses in Philosophy, History, Mathematics and Gujarati. Sanskrit, Persian, French, Latin and Ardha-Magadhi are taught in F.Y.A. and I.A. Classes. The Hostels for boys and girls occupy ideal surroundings. Special arrangements are made for boating and swimming on the premises of the College.
T. A. KULKARNI,
Principal. (8595)

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UNDER the auspices of the ASSOCIATION MONTESSORI INTERNATIONALE, DR. MARIA MONTESSORI will hold a Fourth Indian Training Course in the Primary Section of her Method at Kodaikanal commencing early in August. Intending students should apply early.
Application forms and further particulars can be obtained from:
THE SECRETARY,
Fourth Indian Montessori
Training Course,
Adyar, MADRAS. (8800)

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Wanted Double or Single Cinema Projectors complete. Apply stating particulars with minimum price to Hira Talkies, Moga (Punjab). 16451

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans up to Rs. 500/- are advanced on promissory notes according to the status of the applicant, and larger amounts against suitable securities. For full particulars apply Box No. 16409 "Bombay Chronicle."

Land Lord and Property owners Loans can be had on Immovable Properties at a low rate of interest and especially on Free hold Properties. Kindly apply to Box No. 16269A "Bombay Chronicle."

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Plots are for Sale at Dadar, opp. to Railway Station Freehold Land also at Poibawadi, Parel, also at Parsi Colony, Dadar Apply Box No 16269C "Bombay Chronicle."

Properties for Sale on good Localities New as well as old properties. Investers can apply to Box No. 16269B "Bombay Chronicle."

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Wholesale consumers in tea who like to buy Tea direct from garden are requested to correspond with S. C. Bagcho & Co., Jalpaiguri (Bengal). (16371)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Clearing and Forwarding Karachi Consignments:—For clearings and despatching your consignments at Karachi Port, please refer to Messrs. Girdharlal & Co., Licensed Clearing Agents, Post Box 99, Bombay. Phone: 30101. (16443)

Public Notices

THE AMBIKA SILK MILLS CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 11-12, Haines Road, Mahalaxmi, Bombay on FRIDAY, the 10th day of July, 1942, at 3 P. M. (S. T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Company for the year ended 31st. December, 1941.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation and who are eligible for re-election.
4. To elect Sheth Surendra Maganlal, the Additional Director appointed by the Board of Directors, who retires under Article 104, of the Articles of Association of the Company and is eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditor or Auditors for the current year and to fix his or their remuneration.
6. To transact any such business as may be placed before the Meeting by the Chairman.

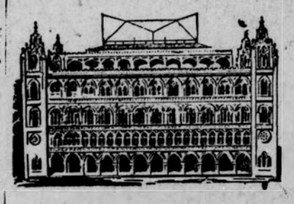
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY the 30th June to TUESDAY, the 14th July, 1942, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
MAGANLAL BHAGWANDAS & CO
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 15th June, 1942.
N. B.— The Dividend, when sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office, on and after Monday, the 27th July, 1942, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on Monday, the 29th June, 1942, and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder to his last given address. 8834

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF SUPPLY

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE (SUPPLY)

TENDER NOTICE

THE CHIEF CONTROLLER of Purchase (Supply), New Delhi invites tenders for 8,450 Razors open required at Cawnpore.
Tender No. P|SY|MS-1006|2S|I.
Price of tender form, etc., Rs. 5|- per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Chief Controller of Purchase (Supply) New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of money orders.
Tenders will be received up to the 16th July, 1942.
Samples against this tender are required to be submitted to the Director of Laboratories, P. B. No. 127, Cawnpore by 16-7-42 at the latest.
Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Administrative Officer, (Purchase Branch) Department of Supply, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their bankers.
Tender forms are also available for sale in the Offices of the Controllers of Supplies at Bombay Cawnpore, Karachi, Lahore and Madras and the Chief Controller of Purchase (Munitions), Calcutta and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned. 8835



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Candidates are admitted from all parts of India, regardless of caste, creed or sex but to ensure an equitable distribution of trained men, a regional quota system of admission is maintained. In order to ensure admission, an early reservation on the waiting list is hence advised.
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THE NEW SESSION COMMENCES IN JUNE
A.G. BHATE
Dip. Ing. (Charlottenburg)
Director.
8774

Public Notices

G.I.P.RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for reconditioning of scrap white metal boring available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2|- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 14-7-1942 at 3 P.M. (S.T.)
(8822)

FOR SALE

VALUABLE AGRICULTURAL LANDS in large and small plots in Rajpipla State for sale by Public Auction in the Hazur Office before the undersigned on 8th July, 1942, at 6-30 a.m. Particulars of lands available from Suba's (Revenue) Office.
DEWAN,
Rajpipla State. (8851)

NOTICE.

ZENITH LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
BOMBAY.

POLICY NO. 7258 on the life of Mr. Vasudev Shanker Pinge having been reported to be LOST, a Duplicate will be issued by the Company one month after publication of this notice.
BYRAMJEE HORMUSJEE,
General Manager.
Bombay 24th June, 1942. 8844.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF CIVIL AVIATION IN INDIA

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of Test Pilot at the Civil Aviation Repair Establishment, Cawnpore. Pay not exceeding Rs. 800/- will be fixed according to the qualifications and experience of the selected candidate. Candidates must possess a pilot's "B" licence; preference will be given to a qualified and experienced Pilot Instructor. The candidate appointed to the post will be required to carry out test flights on aircraft overhauled and repaired at the Civil Aviation Repair Establishment and to ferry aircraft to and from Training Centres and Flying Clubs in India. Travelling Allowance for ferry flights will be in accordance with Supplementary Rules. In the event of his being injured or killed in the discharge of his duties, he or his legal representatives will be entitled to such compensation as may be admissible under the rules for the time being in force. He will be liable to transfer anywhere in India. The appointment will be for the duration of the war, but may be terminated on one month's notice on either side. Applications stating full particulars should reach the Director of Civil Aviation in India, Imperial Secretariat, North Block, New Delhi by the 6th July, 1942
(8835)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai REHMATBAI, wife of Hasham Hanlir of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.
All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Dalal Street, within the Fort of Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.
THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY
All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the West side of Umerkhady Cross Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 192 2|9 Square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3165, Cadastral No. 1785 of Mandvi Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward Nos. 3337-38 and Street Nos. 34-32 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Umerkhady Cross Street, on or towards the West by Sweepers passage, on or towards the North by the property of Khoja Alaudin Premji and on or towards the South by the property of Ali Saheb Bhoba.
Bombay, dated this 23rd day of June, 1942.
RANCHHODDAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (8839)

Public Notices

TENDER NO, 76 B

THE DIRECTOR GENERAL, Indian Medical Service invites tenders for the supply of 2620 boxes of Planocain T each containing 25 tablets. Tender forms can be obtained from the Deputy Controller of Purchase, Office of the Director General, Indian Medical Service, Imperial Secretariat North Block, New Delhi on prepayment of Rs. 2|-. The last date for the receipt of tender is 10th July, 1942. Tenders should be addressed to the DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE in a sealed cover bearing the tender number and the last date of receipt only.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ALIHUSSEIN ESMAILJI NATERWALLA has contracted to sell the under-mentioned property to our client free from all incumbrances.
THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:—
ALL that piece or parcel of Perpetual otherwise called Chandrakali Lease-hold land or ground together with the messuage tenements or building standing thereon situate, lying and being at Byculla near Old Race Course, on the North side of the Ghelabhai Doollabh Street now known as Mahomedan Street and Siddick Lane, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement according to the Cadastral Extract 1597 square yards or thereabouts being land bearing part of New Surve. No. 1/3539 and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. A/13605, 13616 and 13617 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward Nos. 4028(1), 4028(5), 4028(6), 4028(7) and 4028(8) and Street Nos. 215, 215D, 215E, 215F, 215G and 24B-13-15 and Cadastral Survey No. 1545 of Byculla Division and bounded as follows that is to say:—On or towards the EAST formerly by the property of Abdulla Zaveriwalla and partly by the property of Khatri Esmail Abba and now by the property of Rukhaiyabai, on or towards the WEST by Siddick Lane, on or towards the NORTH by the property of Valibhai Mahomedally and now by the property of K. G. Valiji and on or towards the SOUTH by the Mahomedan Street.
ANY PERSON OR PERSONS having any claim or right by way of inheritance or mortgage should bring the same to the notice of the Collector of Bombay or the Assistant Municipal Commissioner within fourteen (14) days from the date of beating Battaki otherwise he, she or they will be precluded therefrom.
Dated this 22nd day of June, 1942.
HOOSEINI DOCTOR & CO.,
Attorneys for Purchaser. 8837.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India
Petition for Letters of administration of the property and credits of JAGANNATH BALKRISHNA JOSHI, late of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant, a landed proprietor, residing at Bhawani Shankar Road, Dadar, outside the Fort of Bombay .. Deceased.
BABURAO SHAMRAO JOSHI, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant, a Government Pensioner residing at Bhawani Shankar Road, Joshi Wada, House No. 41, Dadar, outside the Fort of Bombay .. Petitioner.
All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of the Letters of Administration.
Witness Sir ROBERT STONE HOUSE BROOMFIELD, Knight Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Fifth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and forty-two and in the sixth year of our Reign.
(Sd.) A. R. NARAYANSWAMI IYER.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay
(Sd.) G. MAHADEVIA.
For Prothonotary & Senior Master
Dated 5th day of June, 1942.
Mr. RAMCHANDRA T. KARNIK,
Petitioner's Attorney. (8843)

ZENANA SHOW
To-morrow at 1 p.m.
Rai Saheb
A CHHOTUBHAI DESAI PRODUCTION
6th WEEK
LAMINGTON
Daily at 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

Auction Sales

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 3,154 BALES OF COTTON & JUTE WASTES OF DIFFERENT SORTS.
Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO. will, THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June at 3 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at their Auction Rooms on the first floor of Rajabahadur Mansions No. 20, Hummam Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. T. Laxmidas & Co., and on account and at the risk of the undermentioned parties concerned the following bales of Cotton and Jute Wastes:—
On account and at the risk of the parties concerned (No. 1).
100 bales coloured willowed strippings type No. 1011.
50 bales coloured sliver good waste type No. 1013.
200 bales coloured Droppings Type No. 1017
250 bales coloured Bondas and Sliver good waste ends mixed Type No 1023
500 bales Droppings Type No. 1021.
1,000 bales Droppings Type No. 1022.
125 bales Bondas Type No 1015.
29 bales Coca Strippings Type No. 521.
On account and at the risk of the Parties Concerned (No. 2)
200 Bales Jute Caddies Type No. 542 (Calcutta Delivery).
300 bales Bump Droppings and Fly Type No. 549.
200 Bales Droppings Type No. 45.
200 Bales Droppings Type No. 47.
The above bales will be sold on samples.
J. S. MODY & CO.

ALL PAST RECORDS BROKEN!
Leela Desai's
First Bombay Film Succeeds!
TAMANNA
LAXMI PRODUCTION'S
Maiden Hit
Starring
LEELA DESAI'S
and JAIRAJ
with Jagdish, Karan Dewan, K. C. Dey, Shanta Kumari
Director
PHANI MAZUMDAR
A Supreme Release
NOW AT
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Mat. Sun. and Holidays 12-45 p.m.

1st ZENANA SHOW TO-MORROW 1 P.M.
NEW HUNS' Popular Hit
PAHILA PALNA
(Many Happy Returns)
12th WEEK at
CENTRAL
Daily: 3-30, 6-15, 9 p.m.

ENTERTAINMENT WITH A SOUL
—21st Week
PRAKASH PICTURES'
BHARAT MILAP
(HINDI)
Daily 2-45, 6 and 9 p.m. (Hindi)
MAJESTIC
(EVERGREEN RELEASE.)

GRAND OPENING
TOMORROW 9-30 p.m.
City Light
(Cinema Magnificent)
A NEW UP-TO-DATE CINEMA
for residents in Matunga, Dadar, Mahim, Parel, Sion, Dharavi
AT
LADY JAMSHEDJI RD.
B. B. MATUNGA
with
KHAZANCHI
The picture which needs no introduction
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
Phone: 61204
Management
L. M. CHHABDA SONS

YOUR OWN STORY
now at
BROADWAY
(DADAR)
Daily 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
NATIONAL'S
NAI-ROSHNI
Sardar Akhtar, Husn Banu, Harish and others
See it with your family

ZANANA SHOW
To-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
FAZLI BROS.'
Sensational Social
MASOOM
Romola, Anis, Mehtab Mazhar
4th WEEK
IMPERIAL
Daily 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

FATHER
vs.
MOTHER
and the
DAUGHTER
Suffers
★
AMAR'S
Ankh Michowli
an eye-opener to all parents
is Coming!
★
Starring
NALINI JAYWANT
Shortly at
IMPERIAL

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METRO
COMFORTABLY COOL
ESPLANADE ROAD
TELEPHONE 51045
Daily at 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p m
LAST 2 DAYS!
Edward G. Robinson
UNHOLY PARTNERS
with Laraine Day Marsha Hunt
Edward ARNOLD

THE GRANDEST MUSICAL of the SCREEN
Vijay
with
DURGA KHOTE
HARISH & HUSN BANU
Supported by
SANKATHA, WASKAR, MAYA DEVI, ANSARI, ADVANI and others.
Directed by MOHAN SINHA
Produced by MEHBOOB.
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30.
SWASTIK
Tele: 41561.

AURORA
King's Circle—Matunga
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TO-DAY TO FRIDAY

26th Week
of BOMBAY TALKIES'
JHOOLA
Daily: 2-15, 5-45, 9 p.m.
ROXY

Leela Chitnis
The Star of
SILVER JUBILEES

Rushed to witness on the very first Sunday
"DUNIYA EK TAMASHA"
(The World's A Play)
4th WEEK
NOVELTY
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

CHOOSE THE BEST
Excellent Results at the Registered Accountant's, Certified Secretaries and other Diploma Examinations held in the past.
ENROLMENTS
proceeding for all Higher Commercial Examinations in Banking, Insurance, Auditing, Company Management and Secretarial Practice, etc., etc.
TUITION:
ORAL or BY POST
Apply for Prospectus at
BATLIBOI'S
Accountancy Training Institute,
(Established 1924)
Trafford House, Prescott Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

HOW WOMEN CAN WIN MEN AND MEN WIN
Respect of Other Men
Unless two pints of bile juice flow daily from your liver into your bowels, your food decays in your bowels. This poisons your whole body. You get yellow tongue, yellow skin, pimples, dull eyes, bad breath, bad taste, gas, dizziness, headache. You have become an ugly-looking, foul-smelling, sour-thinking person. Everybody wants to run from you.
Laxatives can't help, for they only move out the tail end of your bowels and that doesn't take away the decayed poison.
Only a free flow of your bile juice will stop this decay poison in your bowels. The one mild vegetable medicine which starts a free flow of your bile juice is Carter's Little Liver Pills. No calomel in Carter's. Only fine, mild, vegetable extracts. If you would bring back your personal charm, start taking Carter's Little Liver Pills according to directions today.

STRENGTH EBBING AWAY
Why do fevers take such an alarming toll of your physical strength? Doctors say that it is because the fever sets up poisons in your blood stream. These poisons break down the tissues of your muscles and nerves. They weaken every organ in your body.
Your stomach does not escape. It turns against food, it can't stand the strain of digestion. In malaria cases, particularly, the patient is often too weak to eat.
The serious thing is that your weakened body is urgently in need of nourishment. But there is a food that fever cases can take easily. It is Horlicks, one of the most nourishing and digestible foods in the world. Horlicks puts no strain on the stomach. It is a complete and balanced food, containing all the elements necessary to sustain life. Horlicks rebuilds the wasted tissues, restores the nerves to health, pours new strength and vitality along your veins, helps to repair the ravages of fever so that no trace of the illness remains.
HORLICKS

REBUILDS STRENGTH & VITALITY

5th Week
A PERFECT PICTURE
OF YOUTH—BEAUTY—LOVE!
NEW THEATRES' Unique Hit
"SAUGAND"
Starring PAHARI, BHARATI, ASHIT-BARAN, CHANDRAWATI.
KRISHNA
Daily 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m.
Matinee on Sunday at 12 noon.

7th WEEK
PRAKASH PICTURES'
Merry Musical Romance
STATION MASTER
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
Sat., Sun. Matinee 12-45.
MINERVA
EVERGREEN RELEASE.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Jeth Shud 11, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 9, 1361
Parsi: Deh 23, 1311
Sunrise: 6-4 a.m. Sunset: 7-15 p.m.
Hightide: 8-04 19-47, Lowtide: 1-41, 13-54
THURSDAY, June 25.
Corporation meeting, 3 p.m. (B.T.).

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

METRO—"Unholy Partners" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Underground" 4, 6-30 and 9-30
EXCELSIOR—"Look Who's Laughing" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
EMPIRE—"I Thank You" 4, 6-30 and 9-30
KRISHNA—"Saugand" 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Station Master" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2.45, 6 and 9 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Khandaan" 3, 6 and 9
NOVELTX—"Duniya Ek Tamasha" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Nirdosh" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Pahila Pulna" 3-30, 6-15 and 9 p.m.
PALACE—"Strawberry Blonde" 4, 6-30 and 10
CHITRA—"Doctor" 4, 6-45 and 9-45
EDWARD—"Saubhagya" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
AURORA—"Mutiny on the Bounty" 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
PARADISE—"Sea Wolf" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Raja-Rani" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Masoom" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Nai Roshni" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Malan" 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Vijay" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Rai Saheb" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
PRAKASH—"Lapandav" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Tamanna" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

MASTER TARA SINGH: The 55th birthday of Sikh's leader, Master Tara Singh will be celebrated to-day (Wednesday) from 7 a.m. at Gurudwara at Kalbadevi Road. The Sikhs have made good progress under the leadership of Master Tara Singh. Prayers will be offered to God for the long life of Masterji.

FRIENDS OF THE SOVIET UNION: There will be a fraternal meeting of members, to-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. at the Girgaon Office of the Society.

BOMBAY PRIVATE MOTOR DRIVERS' UNION: A general meeting of the members of the above Union will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 7-30 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge, Mr. Yusuf Meherally, will preside and Sjt. K. F. Nariman will also address the meeting.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A social meeting to celebrate the U.L.T. Day will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION: The members of the Executive Committee of the above Union will be 'At Home' to Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, Adviser for Labour to the Government of India at 7 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Wednesday) at the Head Office of the Union, at Foras Road.

FIRST-AID LECTURE SERIES: "(1) Fractures of the Ribs, the Pelvis and the Humerus; (2) The Slipping-out of a Bone at a Joint; (3) Sprains and Strains", will be the subjects of the next lecture by Mr. Burjor J. Shroff, Hon. Secretary, organized under the auspices of the Servants of Humanity Centre of St. John Ambulance Association to-morrow (Thursday) at 9 a.m. at Adenwalla Baug, Tardeo Road.

TO-DAY'S FOOTBALL AT PAREL: The following matches will be played this evening (Wednesday) on the St. Xavier's Ground, Parel at 5 p.m., the H. V. M. Sports Club will meet the Royal Berkshire Regiment; and at 6 p.m. the Tata Sports Club will meet the "Times of India", in the 2nd Division of the Harwood League.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Telegrams to and from Bombay, Madras, Agra, New Delhi, Lahore, Allahabad, Ranchi, Dibrugarh, Dimapur and the areas served by them are subject to serious delay, due to line disturbances and pressure.

SOUTH INDIAN ASSOCIATION, MATUNGA: The South Indian Association, Bombay, at Matunga, have started classes in soap-making and bee-keeping as cottage industries. The classes are in charge of a specialist, Srimati V. Karthiani who underwent training in the All-India Women Workers' Training Camp at Abrama. The course will last a fortnight, and the hours are from 9 p.m. on all days.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL HINDU SABHA: The following resolution was passed at the meeting of the Working Committee under the presidentship of Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole:—

(1) "This meeting of the Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Hindu Sabha strongly urges the Government of Bombay to give adequate representation to the Bombay Provincial Hindu Sabha on the City Civil Defence Committee to be organised in the near future. It warns the Government that non-representation on the Committee is likely to adversely affect the activities of the Sabha in its help for the prosecution of War."

P.V.B. PROPAGANDA MEETINGS IN 'G' WARD: Under the auspices of 'G' Ward P.V.B. there will be two propaganda meetings to-day (Wednesday) at Standard Mill, Maidan, 5-30 p.m. and at Crown Mills Centre, 6-30 p.m.

Students' 'At Home' To Othman Woo

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Othman Woo of the Chinese Islamic Delegation was given an 'At Home' to-day by the Bombay Students' Union at Mantri House.

Mr. Woo said that since the Sino-Japanese war, the youth of China, including the student world, was taking a memorable part in resisting Japan. Under the greatest risk the students among others were evacuating women and children to the interior of China, as also installations and equipment.

OBJECT OF EDUCATION

How to prevent the Japanese advance was a part of modern education in China. Education which did not inculcate patriotism was considered useless by the Chinese. The Chinese had not overlooked the problem of education on account of their pre-occupation with the war.

Mr. M. R. A. Baig, Sheriff of Bombay, who presided introduced the speaker and Mr. Chandrakant Dalal, Secretary of the Union, proposed the vote of thanks to Mr. Woo. There were light refreshments.

TEA PARTY TO OTHMAN WOO.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency National Democratic Union and three other organisations a tea party was arranged in honour of Mr. Othman Woo, the head of the Chinese Islamic Mission at the Mongini, Churchgate Street, on Sunday morning.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, who presided, assured Mr. Othman Woo that the Indian masses were in full sympathy with China in her present struggle.

Mr. Tayab Shaikh, Secretary of the National Democratic Union, and others also spoke.

Mr. Woo replying made a suitable speech and said that China was determined to drive out her enemies at any cost. He was thankful for Indian sympathies.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 95,02,019-13-0.

For Indian Red Cross and Amenities for Troops: Rs. 251-1-9 through the Mamlatdar, Sangameshwar, Ratnagiri District.

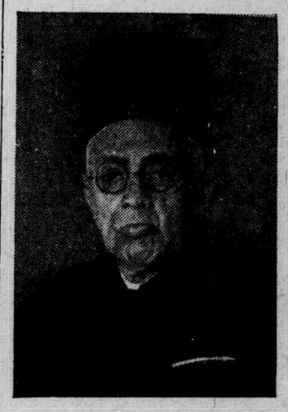
For the R.A.F.: Rs 252 through the Mamlatdar, Sangameshwar, Ratnagiri District.

For W.I.A.A. War Plane Fund: Rs. 450 A Zoroastrian. Rs. 200 Major M. Bwye; Dr. R. Row. Rs. 150 Mr. J. Lissenburg.

Grand total on Tuesday: Rs. 95,04,735-6-3.

PARDI LOSES ITS DISTINGUISHED CITIZEN

Mr. Jamsetjee Hormusji Pardiwalla a leading citizen of Pardi and President of the Pardi Parsi Anjuman, whose death took place lately was born in 1874. After having matriculated from the Bharda New High School, he joined the Elphinstone College, and in 1897 graduated in Arts with mathematics and two years later passed LL.B. Exam. Thereafter owing to his father's illness to staged at Pardi. He took a keen interest in all matters relating to the uplift of the people of Pardi and was held in high esteem by the people as well as the Government Officials.


LATE MR. J. A. PARDIWALA

4 BUSINESSMEN ARRESTED

Alleged To Have Quoted Prices Above Govt. Rates

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Four city businessmen were arrested yesterday by the Bombay C.I.D. for quoting prices in excess of the prices laid down by the Government of India.

Applying for an extension of the bail period of Behram S. Irani, Kalimuddin Samsudin, Jethalal Sakarlal and Tricumdas Chotalal to custody, the police stated to-day before Mr. Kantilal Thakore, Additional Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court that the General Manager of the Barsi Light Railway sent out inquiry forms to a number of firms in Bombay asking for quotations for galvanised buckets.

The accused, on behalf of their respective firms are alleged to have quoted prices in excess of the prices laid down by the Government of India.

The accused, the police alleged therefore contravened Rule 61 of the Defence of India Rules.

The Magistrate granted the police application.

Removal Of Trustees A Question Relating To Property?

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodew.)

Bilasrai Juharmal ..... Applicant.
Versus
Shivnarayan Sarupchand and Others, Trustees ..... Respondents.

This was an application for leave to appeal to the Privy Council. The trial Court ordered the removal of the respondents from their office as Trustees of a hospital in Jalpur State on the ground that it was a breach of trust on their part to have changed the name of the hospital as well as of the Trust funds relating thereto. The Court of Appeal reversed this decision on the ground that the Bombay High Court had no jurisdiction to entertain a suit in respect of a foreign charity in a foreign state. From this decision the applicant sought to appeal to the Privy Council and made this application for the necessary leave to do so.

In opposing the application on behalf of the respondents it was contended that an order for removal of trustees did not "involve, directly or indirectly, some claim or question to a respecting property" within the terms of Section 110 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Their Lordships rejected this contention advanced on behalf of the respondents and granted the necessary leave.

Mr. K. M. Munshi with the Advocate-General instructed by Messrs. Haridas and Co. appeared for the applicant.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co. appeared for the respondents.

"Art Circle" Inaugurated At Mussoorie

LALKAKA, BOMBAY ARTIST, ITS FIRST PRESIDENT.

(From A Correspondent.)

MUSSOORIE, (By Mail).

Art History was made at Mussoorie when the "Art Circle" was inaugurated here the other day by Mr. P. C. Manuk, the well-known Oriental Art Collector and the President of the Patna Museum.

In responce to the invitation of Begum Hamid Ali, with whom the idea of the Circle originated, about 20 ladies and gentlemen interested in Art generally, met at Begum Saheba's spacious bungalow, 'Southwood' at an informal inaugural meeting when Mr. Manuk gave a very interesting and illuminating talk on Mogul Art. He traced the history of this important period of Indian Art from its origin to the days of its decline.

After the talk the discussion was opened on the subject and office-bearers of the Art Circle were elected. Mr. J. A. Lalkaka, leading Bombay artist, who is here for the season, was elected its first President, Begum Saheba Hamid Ali, Vice-President, and Mr. S. N. Nautiyal, Hon. Secretary.

Meetings of the Circle will be held as far as possible, every month during the season, when some Art topic will be discussed.

Those who are interested in Art, in any of its branches, will get information of the "Circle" and its activities from Mr Nautiyal, Indian Art Studio, Mussoorie.

JODHPUR UNDER-TRIALS GIVE UP HUNGER-STRIKE

JODHPUR, June 22.

A deputation of the citizens met Mr. Jai Narain Vyas and other under-trial prisoners at the Jodhpur Central Jail yesterday and on the request of the deputationists all prisoners including Mr. Jai Narain Vyas gave up hunger-strike —United Press.

GUARD against EAR TROUBLE
Ear trouble is something which no one can contemplate with calmness, for diseases of the ear such as abscesses, septic boils, etc. can easily cause life-long damage. You will spare yourself pain and grave risk by bathing your ears regularly with a few drops of Enozone Hydrogen Peroxide. This wonderful toilet antiseptic can be used in a score of ways. Always keep a bottle handy for:—

CUTS AND BRUISES
SORE THROAT
CHAFING AND SORENESS
PIMPLES AND BOILS
PERSONAL HYGIENE
ETC.
ENOZONE
(HYDROGEN PEROXIDE)
SAFE · CLEAN · EFFICIENT

NEED NOT BE DISAPPOINTED
Write to us your requirements o fans. Despite the untold difficulties in getting raw materials and the factory being over busy with Govt. contracts—we assure you of our best efforts to meet your requirements.

It's Monsoon
IT RAINS 5 MONTHS IN 12 MONTHS
They like RAIN ONLY WHEN THEY WEAR THEIR
"PILOT"
Be Prepared Now!
WITH Your Pilot RAIN COATS
The Proof Of The 'Proof
The proof of a waterproof lies in the wearing. Get into a "PILOT" Waterproof and go out in the rain. Then even if it rains cats and dogs you'll be dry and comfortable within. From the economy point of view, from the health point of view it is best to buy this all-British waterproof. There are models and styles for every member of the family.
But the world's best waterproof cannot keep your feet dry. So, get a pair of DUNLOP Gumboots. You'll agree it's the best monsoon investment. School children who wear gumboots enjoy better health during the monsoon.
We have durable umbrellas to suit your taste and pocket.
WILL REMAIN OPEN FOR ALL THE SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS DURING JUNE.
CAWNPORE MILLS DEPOT
CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

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The Bombay Chronicle

UNITY MOVES

The Unity Conference held at Calcutta on Saturday is a move in the right direction. Though the Conference is at present limited in its scope, to judge from its main resolutions, it has big possibilities. The main object of the Conference is "to create an atmosphere of communal harmony and co-operation and the consolidation of the people in the common tasks of safeguarding internal security, storage and distribution of food stuffs and other essentials and the provision of medical and other relief." In short the object is to foster communal unity so as to ensure united civil defence in a spirit of co-operation. And this task has been entrusted to a Council of Hindu-Muslim Unity Association. The Conference was attended by many leading Hindus and Muslims, among its organisers being Mr. Fazlul Huq, the Premier of Bengal, Maharajadhiraj Bahadur of Burdwan and Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad, who presided over the Conference. And among those who sent messages of sympathy to the Conference were Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President and the Lord Bishop of Calcutta.

Need For Joint Action

The key-note of the Conference was uttered by Mr. Huq in the following words in his opening speech: "For the real political emancipation of India Hindus and Muslims must realise that they have got to be together must swim together or sink together and if need be prepared to lay down their lives together for the sake of their common motherland." And this view was eloquently endorsed by the President, who said: "We Indians, who have so long remained separated under the influence of forces of evil at work, shall seek to dispel the gloom of disunion and distrust for the sake of our common good becoming for ever united through trials and privations, through prosperity and adversity, in the enduring service of our dear and beloved motherland." It is true that the two communities have their differences and it is not the purpose of the Conference to devise at once their solution. But as the Congress President remarked in his message, in spite of their differences about the future political arrangements, they can make common cause now against a common enemy who threatens to invade their country. And we feel hopeful that the very spirit of unity and co-operation in their present tasks will facilitate the task of devising a more comprehensive and permanent solution of communal differences. And for this reason the Bengal move is one of all-India importance. Even if it helps only a provincial settlement of the communal problem it will be a good step forward.

Congress-League Settlement Essential

One serious defect of the Bengal move is that it is not supported by the Muslim League and this defect is aggravated by the Premier's attempt to set up a separate League called the Progressive All-India Muslim League. In this respect the Punjab unity move is better. This is an attempt to make the Ministry more stable by bringing about an alliance between the Unionist Party with some of the Sikh Oppositionists. But the Premier has taken care not to alienate the League Party. The importance of the move is that the Ministry is an approach towards a National Coalition Cabinet. And in so far as the Ministry is not fully representative, the defect is with regard more to principles than communities. It is reasonable to hope that in both provinces co-operation between parties and communities will lead to wider co-operation and a more comprehensive communal settlement. This progress can be surer and speedier if provincial settlements on sound lines are helped by the Congress and the League. But it is essential for these two bodies themselves to enter into an all-India settlement. We do not share Gandhiji's despair about the possibility of a Hindu-Muslim settlement at the present moment and we fear that without such settlement it is difficult to win independence. But in his latest statement Mr. Jinnah grossly misrepresents Gandhiji as a hypocritical friend of the Muslims and an arch-enemy of Hindu-Muslim unity. He, however, seems to invite negotiations with the Congress on the following terms: "The independence and freedom of all the peoples of this sub-continent is to be thought of, not only in the negative terms of elimination of foreign authority or rule resulting in anarchy and chaos as Mr. Gandhi promises us, but in a definite and positive form of constitution and setting up of a Government to which the power and authority of the British can be transferred and that could take the place of foreign authority which Mr. Gandhi wants to end to-day and that such a Government will command the confidence and allegiance of the different nationalities and interests that exist in this vast sub-continent." One can only hope that a conference between the representatives of the Congress and the League on the lines suggested by the Congress President will be soon possible and will arrive at at least a war-time settlement between the two bodies.

A Big Disaster

Dazed at first by the shocking blow at Tobruk—it has led to the promotion of General Rommel to a Field Marshal, which he has well deserved—Britain and America are waking up to demand scapegoats for the disaster. It is a natural feeling. And it may be that General Auchinleck and General Ritchie blundered egregiously after beginning so well. But others, too, have bungled. And if they must go, a few higher-ups in London must also follow them. The question of dismissal and "painful overhauls" is, however, a matter for the future. What is of grave immediate concern is the present. The situation has turned so unexpectedly and disastrously that it is difficult to see how it can be retrieved without further reverses and blows. It is only now that the real facts about the tragedy and its extent are emerging. The Eigth Army has suffered a defeat which has broken, though by no means destroyed, it. Its armoured strength is a mere proportion of what it once was. It has lost much of its firing power. Always inferior numerically, it has now been further weakened by no less than one third of its original numbers.

It is this Army which is now standing on the Egyptian frontier to resist Field Marshal Rommel's panzers, big guns and human hordes. It would be a sheer miracle if it stopped him. But such utter miracles do not happen. The best that General Ritchie can hope to do is to retire slowly and intact beyond Sidi Barrani. If, supported by the R. A. F. and the American Air Force and some urgently needed reinforcements, he can manage to delay Rommel's advance and keep his forces intact, he will have, in the present circumstances, an important success. For if Rommel was sufficiently delayed he would rather stop on the west side of the 400 mile wide desert than risk pressing on with his present drive. That would give the Middle East Command a much-needed respite to get together a strong defensive force. For this is obvious that the problem of the future is no longer that of staging a "counter-offensive" recovery but of only defending the Nile Valley and, therefore, Alexandria, Suez and, indeed, the entire Middle East and eastern Mediterranean.

Make Them Cosmopolitan

The new swimming pools at Chowpatty, opened by Sardar Vallabhbhai on Monday, are welcome, as swimming deserves to be learnt by every man and every woman, young or old. But for the very reason that swimming is so important we wish these pools were open to all communities. We agree that merely because big spectacular contests like the Pentangular are better non-communal, it does not follow that there should be no room whatsoever for communal institutions as a training ground. But if the new pools were for the benefit of all communities, nothing would have been lost and much would have been gained. The Hindus would, by the strength of their numbers, have derived the greatest benefit from them. But the mere fact that the pools were open to all communities would have had an excellent effect upon the minds of the people in and outside Bombay. Attempts must be made to make institutions like our gymkhanas and swimming baths thoroughly cosmopolitan. We trust the organisers of the Chowpatty Pools will even now throw them open to all communities and, if necessary, arrange to obtain the permission of the donors for this purpose.

Frankly Speaking

Laval Comes Out

So, M. Laval has come out openly on the side of Germany. This is not surprising because he was always pro-Axis. The significant thing about it is that he regards this time as favourable for throwing off the mask. It is at least, partly because of the disasters that the British have suffered in the last fortnight. They have encouraged M. Laval to defy not only the British but also the Americans and declare that he wants a German victory. How this declaration affects American sentiments and U. S. A. relations with Vichy France and French North Africa is yet to be known. But it must doubtless lead to some interesting developments. By the way, it would also be interesting to know where Marshal Petain and Admiral Darlan stand now.

Betrayal Of France

Meanwhile, Frenchmen will not we believe, miss the sinister and "quizzling" nature of M. Laval's immediate plans to compensate Germany for her "sacrifices." That word is, in itself, an insult to any self-respecting Frenchman. The plan is even worse. France, under it, is to exchange industrial prisoners for agricultural prisoners of war. For this is what it amounts to. M. Laval has dangled the bait of the release of French prisoners who are agriculturists, if industrial workers go to Germany to work for Herr Hitler and the greatness of the Reich. It is bad enough as collaboration—the Fuehrer needs forced labour, and the French will be no better for his military machine—in the interests of the arch enemy of France. It is worse as humiliation for Frenchmen. But worst of all it is a contribution allegedly on behalf of France to the system of Nazi New Europe under which France is to be reduced to the status of an agriculturist country and a producer of raw materials so that European industrialism should be concentrated in Germany for Germany. M. Laval's betrayal is not surprising. But how low Marshal Petain and men like him appear to have fallen!

R. A. F. And Germany

In a recent interview with an American correspondent, Sir Archibald Sinclair, the British Minister for Air, said: "We are blazing the trail for invasion of the enemy's territory". And he went on to add: "Nothing will shift us from that mark of blasting out of existence enemy submarine yards, tank plants, diesel engine works and war armaments". All this can be realised. The two thousand bomber raids have shown that it is quite possible. But the trail has not been blazed, though there has been much destruction of Germany's production power. The two big raids raised great and justified hopes. They are all lying down. What happened was that what was begun so well and with such loud professions virtually ended just when it had begun.

Not Very Reassuring

General Brady repeats what Col. Johnson stated some days ago, that "there are no financial, industrial or political motives behind our moves in India. The American armed forces are here solely to assist the war effort of the United Nations." This is reassuring. But one cannot be too sure that Britain would not return something to America at India's expense. Why is the Anglo-American Trade Agreement still kept a secret here? The root trouble is that India is not free. In that position she has reason to fear many things. And so long as she is not free she will protest against every risk or liability imposed upon her without her consent.

Mr. Parker

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I am greatly indebted to Mr. Karaka for his new dictionary. I quote a few extracts for the information of those who have often wondered where the Press gets some of the information it publishes.

Landed Gentry—includes shopkeepers in Oxford or any other street even when they don't own the land the shop is on or any other land and aren't gentry.

Careless means carefree, lighthearted, having very little heart at all, hard-hearted, heavy-hearted, hearty.

Back-bencher means one who has occupied a seat on the Front Bench for between 30 and 40 years.

Lord Morris means Lord Nuffield and must not be confused with Lord Morris—quite a different man.

I spent a little time in (not at) Oxford in the same year that contemporaries and friends of mine such as Arthur Heath were in their fourth years, and E. M. Gull whom I recently heard talking over the wireless about China, was coaching and writing odd articles for the "Daily Mail" when the budget needed urgent aid. I was performing the humble duty of assisting in the audit of the accounts of the University, Christ Church (very good sherry), Magdalen, Balliol (very good burgundy) where we finished with champagne in silver tankards at the audit dinner in the buttery as guests of the Bursar.

If I had been Lord "Morris," I would have been Lord Iffley not Lord Nuffield.

One question—does the East Oxford Theatre still survive and did Mr. Karaka ever see the "Branded Woman" there? The last time I visited Oxford I was so old, I forgot to go and see.

Finally, provided Mr. Karaka gives me no openings, I promise not to take them.

Seriously, I think a higher standard of accuracy in the Press is most desirable. The "Times" once printed a completely inaccurate obituary about a well-known Indian and when I wrote to correct it, I was told that the subject was no longer of interest.

Finally (means for the last time here as well as above in the pen-penultimate paragraph)—will Mr. Karaka lunch with me any day next week bar two at any Club bar two? Perhaps, he will answer by telephone to avoid publicity.—Yours, etc.,

R. H. PARKER.

AMERICANS PLUMP FOR NEW DEAL TO INDIA

Louis Fischer Lifts Veil Over Cripps' Objective: Plea To End Indian Deadlock

That the natural reaction of an average American towards India was one of unending sympathy, was the view expressed by Mr. Louis Fischer, the well-known author-journalist, now on a visit to India in the course of a talk he gave at the Journalists' Association of India on Tuesday evening.

Mr. Fischer went on to say that Americans felt that any country with the culture and internal strength of India ought to be free; and from all points of view America would like to see India get a new deal. He also emphasised that one of the reasons for sending out Sir Stafford Cripps to this country was the desire to placate American opinion.

In his opinion the only chance of freedom for India was in a democratic victory of democratic powers. If the Axis won there was no chance at all.

As a man who had lived for many years in the dictator-countries of Europe and had seen the terrors, horrors and repression there, Mr. Fischer said that nothing the people of India had undergone, could compare with conditions obtaining there. Almost every second man he met in India had come out of Jail and was proud of it. In Russia, Germany or Spain one never met people who had ever been in Jail, because they never came out, and frequently they were shot. That was the simple difference between conditions in India and dictator countries.

Despite his great admiration for the valour of the Russian soldiers on the field of battle and the great achievement of the Soviet regime in improving the standards of life and culture in Russia, Mr. Fischer did not like certain recent trends in Russian politics. One of these was that Russia was going 'nationalist' and that the British, particularly the British Conservatives were thinking that an alliance with 'nationalist' Russia would restore the balance of power against Germany, which had now been upset by the collapse of France. He also felt that the ordinary citizen in Russia under the Stalin regime was getting less and paying more—paying in loss of freedom for the material benefits he gets. He had lived in Russia for 14 years and had watched the growth of these tendencies.

He did not rule out the possibility of Russia and Britain arriving at an agreement about their policy in Asia as in 1907.

Dealing with the past conduct of America with China and Japan, Mr. Fischer said that he had to hang his head in shame, because while America sent scraps of aid to China, she sent scrap-iron to Japan. This same scrap-iron was now being returned to America in unpleasant forms.

Mr. Fischer was confident that the United Nations would defeat the Axis, because of the overwhelming industrial production of America and the not negligible production of Britain and Russia. He also added that not only did the United Nations have a preponderance of production, but the Axis also lacked staying power.

Asked about his impressions of his talks with Indians, Mr. Fischer said: "he found indifference towards the war. Army and ammunitions alone did not win the war. There was politics too which played a big part. He was sorry that Sir Stafford Cripps failed in his mission, but that he could understand and appreciate the Indian attitude. Mr. Fischer also said that he had met most of the important Indian leaders..... "who impressed you most" shot out a questioner. "Without doubt, Gandhi. He's the greatest man" came the quick response.

THE DEBACLE IN LIBYA

Attlee Presents Auchinleck's Report To Commons: Dingle Foot Tells How French North Africa Aids Axis

LONDON, June 23.

The Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, speaking in Mr. Churchill's absence gave a review in the Commons to-day of the latest developments in Libya with special reference to the fall of Tobruk.

He recalled that Gen. Auchinleck's original report, taking events to June 1 had declared that Rommel's initial plan had gone completely awry.

Mr. Attlee admitted that since then events "had gone against us despite the splendid unbroken courage and morale of our troops."

AUCHINLECK'S REPORT

Mr. Attlee then read the latest report from Gen. Auchinleck which took the events to June 26. The report says after the enemy's first attempt to encircle Bir Hakeim and British forward troops, had been met by British armoured forces in the Knightsbridge-El-Adem area things appeared to be going well. The enemy, despite the gap which he forced in the British minefield was having difficulty with his supplies and all our efforts including intense air attack were devoted to increasing his embarrassment.

"This was probably the crucial moment in the battle. The enemy was exhausted and had literally fought himself to a standstill. Had we been able to take advantage of the enemy's condition, we might have turned the scale. Actually we were equally exhausted and this was impossible."

RITCHIE'S PREMATURE MOVE

The report then said it is now clear that Gen. Ritchie's counter-attack to drive the enemy from the British minefield was premature although on information available at that time the chances of success for this attempt seemed good. The enemy made a fierce counter-stroke, which forced the British to withdraw with considerable losses.

After the fall of Bir-Hakeim, which the Free French defended with the utmost tenacity and endurance, the enemy pressed his attacks in the Knightsbridge-El-Adem area. After heavy fighting in which our troops and air forces fought with the greatest skill for three days, we were forced to abandon some positions at Knightsbridge which opened the way for the enemy to break through to the coast. Gen. Ritchie's skilful withdrawal of two divisions south of Gazala prevented their being cut off.

For four days the enemy was held in the air and on land, until eventually on the 17th Gen. Ritchie decided to withdraw to the El-Adem-El-Duda-Sidi Rezegh area and concentrated his forces towards the frontier, leaving what was considered an adequate garrison at Tobruk.

The report ends with the enemy attacking Tobruk.

Mr. Attlee said that substantial reinforcements, both land and air, are arriving.

MEDITERRANEAN BALANCE SHEET

Mr. Attlee gave a balance-sheet of the losses in the recent Mediterranean operations the British losses were one light cruiser, four destroyers and two escort vessels sunk and thirty aircraft destroyed.

Enemy losses were one battleship torpedoed one eight-inch gun cruiser, two destroyers and one U-Boat sunk and at least 65 aircraft destroyed.

Axis Use French Waters

Field Marshal Rommel is still receiving French North African products in Libya and Axis ships are using French territorial waters.

This was stated in the Commons on Tuesday at question time by the Parliamentary Secretary for economic warfare, Mr. Dingle Foot.

"My information is that Rommel is not now receiving supplies from Metropolitan France, but according to my information consignments to Libya of products originating in French North Africa still continue. I have reason to believe that Axis vessels have on more than one occasion used French territorial waters but it would not be in the public interest to give details."

Asked to explain the resumption of American food supplies to French North Africa, Mr. Foot said: "Traffic between the United States and French North Africa has been suspended since the middle of February, but the United States Government have announced their intention to resume those shipments. The reasons for our concurrence in this policy remain the same as those stated by Mr. Churchill on July 2 last year. It is a condition of all such shipments that neither the goods themselves nor any similar goods shall be exported from North Africa."

The Conservative, Mr. Arthur Moison, suggested that Free France Colonies should get imports and the Colonies under Vichy should be blocked.

Mr. Foot replying said: "it was impossible to draw that distinction. These shipments were for very special purposes.

Answering Mr. Shinwell, Mr. Foot said: "the United States Consular Officers in North Africa kept check on the destination of these supplies adding: "We have no reason to be dissatisfied with the way in which these officers carry out their duties."—Reuter.

PROPAGANDA

By D. F. Karaka

David Low, the Cartoonist of the "Evening Standard" whose work has received recognition throughout the world, did a series of cartoons on "The Home Front." One of these is on propaganda. On one side of the picture is Dr. Goebbels, his legs stretched on his desk, relaxing, as a number of powerful loud-speakers spout Nazi propaganda. Under it, Low's caption reads: "The worst cause in the world with the best propaganda." In the other half of the picture one sees Col. Blimp with his walrus moustache, his bath-towel and a little old-fashioned gramophone on a perambulator. Low captions it: "The best cause in the world with the worst propaganda." That was Low's comment in 1940. To-day Britain has moved from that position and the old-fashioned Lord Macmillan has given way to Brendon Bracken. "I hope", Brendon Bracken once said in the Commons, "that a man's suitability for a job will not completely debar him."

* * *

We come to propaganda in India. Propaganda in India needs no cartooning. It is funny all by itself. Let me analyse it for you from various points of view and you get some idea of the frustration young men feel in India in World War II. But it is not my purpose to-day to pick holes in the machinery for propaganda, so much as to make an effort to make the authorities realise how backward we are in this service, which in wartime, shapes public opinion and on which in India the war effort necessarily depends.

Sometime ago the National War Front was heralded. Without wanting to reflect in any way on the individual concerned, it seems incongruous that the man at the head of the NATIONAL war front, should be the Deputy Leader of the European Group in the Assembly, Mr. P. J. Griffiths. My point is that you just can't call a war front in India a national far front with an Englishman as its leader. The result is that you get National War Front advertisements which instead of rallying Indian opinion to its side, tend to alienate it. We have had two classic examples of this. The one is when the National War Front welcomed the visit of the Duke of Gloucester as proof that Britain intended to see India through the war. There is nothing wrong in welcoming the Duke of Gloucester, but this was not good propaganda. Again you find the crude touch which shocks Indian public opinion. "Your property is valuable to you, isn't it", the National War Front says to us. "The soil of India is rich, isn't it? YOUR WIFE IS BEAUTIFUL... who would not be a Japanese soldier if he could get into India without a fight!"

* * *

We come to another phase—the utterances of men who hold key positions in the war effort of this country. Speaking nearer home, I would say that every time Sir Homi Mehta, Chairman of the War Gifts Committee, has written a letter to the press, he has spoken of the one man who is held in high respect in India in a way which has alienated many Indians and out of self-respect made them refrain from contributing what they can to the war effort of this country. The feeling of many an average Indian is that he cannot contribute from his meagre income merely to have the leaders of India insulted in the columns of the local press. The Governor of Bombay will appreciate what I am trying to say and either Sir Homi Mehta, so long as he is Chairman of the War Gift Fund, must stop writing in his present vein about Mahatma Gandhi and Jawaharlal Nehru or we must have a new Chairman of the War Gifts Committee, who is like Mr R. P. Masani more courteous and respectful to men who undoubtedly command respect in India. This is a cautious, friendly warning and I have no doubt Sir Homi's attention will be drawn to it by the head of the province.

* * *

I come to another phase—the duplication of work and the lack of any co-ordination in propaganda. In Bombay we have the National War Front, the Bombay War Publicity, the All-India Radio. It is a sad comment that the Bombay War Publicity has to install its own loudspeaker system for its publicity when the All-India Radio has a whole station in Bombay. Why all this duplication of work and effort? Advertising of the War Front is controlled from New Delhi and when the local War Front is shown how bad it is, as in the instances quoted, we are met with the reply that it is not of their doing. But does the public know an advertisement appearing in Bombay is not the work of Masani and Iyengar? Where representation is made to the local authorities, it becomes the duty of that local authority to voice these feelings and see that Delhi alters the advertisements.

* * *

You have films being produced by a variety of departments. You have seen as recently pointed out in the Half-Column an instance of the Board of Censors refusing permission for the release of a picture produced by the F. A. B. and passed by the Department of Information, New Delhi. I know of my own case when I did a broadcast with four Australian Colonels, which was passed by the local military authorities but disallowed by the Director of Public Information, Bombay. The position is this. I can get the military to O. K. a broadcast, but with it I can merely go to the Doorstep of Broadcasting House. There I can be stopped by the Provincial Department of Information. Suppose I pass by him, I can be frustrated by the Station Director of the All-India Radio who can refuse to give me a live microphone. How does a broadcaster stand to-day?

All this leads me to suggest a complete overhauling of the present system. There is a war on and India is likely to be concerned with it more than we have been in the last two and a half years. It is time propaganda was brought up-to-date and turned into something that is alive and capable of swinging into action instead of being a dead-weight that hampers India's war effort at every stage and undoes the work of many outside of official circles, who are striving to make this country war conscious and capable of defending itself against Japanese invasion.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

CAIRO, June 23.

With the fall of Tobruk enemy activities over Malta have increased and in the last 48 hours ten enemy machines were brought down and many others were badly crippled.—Reuter.

* * *

In a rapidly worded statement to the press, Mr. M. A. Jinnah says: "If they (Gandhiji and Jawaharlal) can persuade the British Government to withdraw immediately even without Mr. Gandhi's qualifications of 'orderly withdrawal,' the Muslim League would welcome it."

If you interpret this as implying Muslim League willingness to co-operate in persuading the British, you are mistaken.

* * *

Mr. Jinnah, we notice, has completely and devastatingly exposed Mahatma Gandhi's 'bona fides'. He has proved that it is Gandhiji "who at every critical moment, whenever there was a chance of agreement, has by some means or other dashed our hopes from 1925 onwards."

By the way, why did Mr. Jinnah omit the period from 1925 backwards to—er—1920?

* * *

"Meanwhile the world pays homage to a nation of heroes whose valour and determination in the past twelve months have reshaped the course of history."

This is, of course, a fully deserved tribute to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics of Russia, but paid by—Anglo-India.

Yes, when Adolph Hitler struck on June 22, 1941, he let loose a whole lot of miracles.

* * *

According to 'Pertinax', the famous French commentator, certain informed quarters in New York think that too great a proportion of Allied supplies was sent to Australia at the expense of the Middle East.

It may or may not be true. But it is a dangerous statement to make. Suppose Mr. Curtin gets a serious fit?

* * *

Mr. Harry Hopkins has militantly declared that there will not only be a second but, if necessary, a third and even a fourth Anglo-American front.

We are greatly thrilled and heartened.

But, in the meantime, an immediate half a front, no more, would be quite adequate in Egypt.

* * *

Lord Beaverbrook has reiterated his now insistent demand for an immediate Second War.

If the unwilling War Cabinet wants to save itself from the Beavers, blitz it must take him back and he would again become a powerful buttress of defensive strategy.

* * *

"We are blazing the trail for invasion of the enemy's territory."—Air Minister Sir Archibald Sinclair.

"We" did—a fortnight ago. But the blaze must have been put out by now.

* * *

FRENCH PEOPLE STARVING

Nazis Appropriate Food Supplies

—Headline.

Nazis won't now. M. Laval is about to bring off a deal by purchasing French food for France with French soul for Germany.

* * *

Said the young man: "Do you think your father would object to my marrying you?"

"I don't know," the girl replied coldly "If he's anything like me he would."

ANGLO-AMERICAN PLAN TO COUNTER AXIS MOVE

Churchill And Roosevelt Discuss Concerted Measures To Develop United Nations' War Effort

WASHINGTON, June 23.

A joint Roosevelt-Churchill statement says that the leaders are planning "the earliest maximum concentration of Allied war power upon the enemy."

The full text of the statement says: "The President and the Prime Minister assisted by high naval, military and air authorities are continuing the Washington series of conversations and conferences which began on Friday.

The object in view is the earliest maximum concentration of Allied war power upon the enemy and reviewing or where necessary further concerting all measures which have for some time past been on foot to develop and sustain the effort of the United Nations.

It would naturally be impossible to give any account of the course of the discussions and unprofitable statements about them can be no more than a surmise.

Complete understanding and harmony exists between all concerned in facing the vast and grave tasks which lie ahead.

A number of outstanding points of detail which it would have been difficult to settle by correspondence have been adjusted by technical officers after consultation with the President and the Prime Minister."

In issuing the joint statement Mr. Stephen Early told the press that it was only an intermediary statement and there would in all probability be a final report on the discussions.

CONFERENCE IN WHITE HOUSE

The Roosevelt-Churchill conferences are taking place in the White House itself.

This was disclosed by Mr. Harry Hopkins to-day when he said "as President Roosevelt sits in the White House talking with Mr. Churchill planning the strategy of this gigantic struggle for freedom with his military advisers you can be sure that the one thought above all others that guides him is devotion to our own people".

WHITE HOUSE TALKS ON SHIPPING

WASHINGTON, June 23.

President Roosevelt's Secretary Mr. Stephen Early said to-day that conferences between the President and Mr. Churchill were going on all day until the small hours of the morning.

DISCUSSION ON SHIPPING

Mr. Early added: "One of the most important conferences is taking place this morning when leaders will confer with Admirals, King and Robinson Sir Arthur Salter, Admiral Little, Admiral Dorlings and Admiral Land, and Rear-Admiral H. L. Vickery, Mr. Douglas, and officials of the Maritime Commission."

Mr. Early said the party would discuss "ship-building and use of ships."

CONFERENCE WITH CHINESE MINISTER

Mr. Early told newspapermen that Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt yesterday had an extended conference with the Chinese Foreign Minister Doctor Soong. The subjects dealt with were "mostly of a military nature."

The President's Secretary informed reporters that the President would not hold his usual Press Conference this afternoon for two reasons: The first, because the leaders' conference was scheduled to continue without interruption; and second, because neither the President nor the Prime Minister feels that the Conference has yet reached a point "when they are ready to discuss the talks with you."

FINAL REPORT DELAYED

Mr. Early added that the final report on the conferences which he promised yesterday would not be given at the joint Press Conference with President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill.

The posts held by a number of those with whom the President and Mr. Churchill are conferring to-day illustrate that ships would be under discussion.

Rear Admiral H. L. Vickery, Vice-Chairman of the Maritime Commission, is Deputy Administrator for new ships and is in charge of the building programme Mr. Lewis Douglas is Deputy War Shipping Administrator. Rear Admiral S. M. Robinson is chief of the Bureau of Ships, Navy Department.

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Instead of nursing yourself in the old-fashioned way you can now, by taking Phensic, prevent the growth of cold bacteria in your bloodstream.

Instead of masking or suppressing your symptoms you can now quickly and safely disperse the germ-poisons from your system.

By a simple diuretic action these poisons are eliminated by way of the kidneys and the uncomfortable congestion in the nose and head disappears.

Try two tablets of Phensic next time you have a cold and you will be surprised how rapidly these remarkable little tablets get to work.

Unless your cold is a real "stayer" you will feel the benefit within several minutes and by morning there should be little trace of the discomfort remaining.

You can judge for yourself—there is nothing like a personal test. Phensic is obtainable at all chemists.

Even severe colds and influenza attacks are best treated by 2 tablets of Phensic every few hours. Recovery is speeded up, there are no complications, strength is conserved and the tonic effect of Phensic in convalescence is something you have possibly never before experienced.

FAMINE-STRICKEN ADIVASIS

Need For Urgent Relief

At the annual general meeting of the Adivasi Seva Mandal held in Bombay under the presidentship of Mr. B. G. Kher, a detailed scheme for the urgent relief to be given to the famine-stricken Adivasis in the coastal Talukas of the Thana District was discussed. It was pointed out that a sum of Rs. 20,000 was required to distribute adequate relief. The relief will be under three heads :—

(1) Distribution of seed to as many of the Adivasis as possible. Last year being a famine year, the peasants have at present no seed for sowing and if no seed is given to them just at this juncture when the rains have set in, there will be no sowing and no crop for the next year, even though the rains may be quite good.

(2) Distribution of free gruel or kanji to school-going Adivasi children in nearly 100 schools, in the area

(3) Distribution of free grain to the poor Adivasi families, through at least ten centres.

Work on these lines has already been started, and a sum of Rs. 13,000 had already been seemed as donations.

A detailed report of the activities of the Mandal for two years from its start was submitted to the meeting and adopted.

The budget for the year 1942-43 was also passed, the total estimated expenditure on different activities to be undertaken by the Mandal next year being Rs. 17,000 while the building programme will cost Rs. 10,000. The chief activities are as follows :—

(1) The Mandal is at present running an Ashram i.e., a school and a hostel for 25 Adivasi students at Bandhan in the jungles of the Palghar Taluka. The children in the Ashram are taught besides the three R's agriculture, spinning and other handicrafts. The Mandal will start two more such Ashrams this year one at Wada and one at Umbergaon.

(2) The Mandal is running three Khavti depots one each in the Palghar, Wada and Shahapur Taluka. Khavti depot means depots of grain for advancing grain during the rains to be collected with interest to cover expenses and deficit after the next crop is harvested.

(3) Medical help is being given through the Ashrams and by the life workers when moving about.

(4) Welfare work which includes helping the charcoal and other jungle workers who are mostly Katkaris in keeping accounts and helping them to recover their wages at rates fixed by the Government.

(5) Helping the Adivasis to get their various grievances redressed and to resist by legal means the tortures and oppressions inflicted on them by their masters. Many cases have been fought in the courts.

The following office-bearers were elected for 1942-43.

President : Shri. B. G. Kher; Vice-President : Shri Nagardas N. Shah; Secretaries : Shri D. N. Wandrekar and Shri S. R. Bhise; Treasurers : Shri U. S. Desai and Shri S. B. Kher; Members : Shri V. V. Dandekar; Shri L. M. Shrikant; Shri D. G. Vartak; Shri L. D. Mahajan; Shri Pranlal Kapadia; Shri C. B. Kore; Shri R. L. Shinde; Shri G. R. Joshi; Trustees : Shri Rameshwar Das Birla; Shri A. V. Thakkar; Shri B. G. Kher.

Towards Suppressing Hur Menace

KARACHI, June 23.

Three more regulations have been promulgated to-day under the Martial Law by Major-General Richardson. Regulation number 34 states that the death penalty is the maximum punishment to every person who commits dacoity as defined in Section 391, Indian Penal Code.—A. P.

Fourteen Dacoits Captured In Sind Martial Law Area

NEW DELHI, June 23

A military patrol in pursuit of a gang covered 122 miles in 48 hours, of which nearly 100 miles was performed on camel and foot in the Sind Martial Law area, says a Press Note.

The gang was operating south-east of Sukkur. Fourteen men and various members of their families were captured. Two guns were confiscated while amongst the baggage was discovered a silver tumbler inscribed as being presented by the Pir Pagaro.

A large military detachment has commenced a drive west of Shadapur towards Singh.

Since last week seven dacoities have occurred and two canals have been breached; 151 Hurs have been detained and are under examination. One Hur was shot when resisting arrest.

Night running on the Karachi-Lahore main line has been resumed.

Parliament's War On Press

Australian Senate Chief Demands Apology: But Editor Refuses

SYDNEY, June 23.

First shots have been fired between Parliament and the press in Australia on the right of freedom of expression and comment on Parliamentary proceedings.

The origin of the trouble was publication in the "Sunday Telegraph" of an article headed "those meddlesome old men of the Senate."

The President of the Senate demanded an apology to be published in the "Daily Telegraph" which had not carried the offending article, though it is associated with the "Sunday Telegraph". The editor refused and offered to publish the President's reply. All members of the Canberra staff of both the papers were then excluded from the Parliament Houses.

The President of Newspaper Proprietors' Association protested and when Parliament resumes in August, the issue is likely to become a major one.—Reuter.

Br. War Prisoners In Singapore

LONDON, June 23.

British prisoners of war in Singapore and British residents there have not yet been allowed to communicate with their relatives, Mr. Richard Law, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, intimated in the Commons to-day. He added: "But I am informed that the Japanese authorities are establishing a mail service for the use of prisoners of war and civilian internees. It cannot yet be stated when this service will be operating."—Reuter.

JAPS WITHDRAW TOWARDS KINHWA

All Round Chinese Attack Continues

CHUNGKING, June 23.

The Japanese have been forced to abandon positions north-east of Kinhwa, the capital of Chekiang Province, according to 'communique' issued on Monday night

The Japanese are withdrawing towards Kinhwa.

The Chinese are also attacking the Japanese at Lungyu and the air port town of Chusien. The Chinese have repulsed repeated attacks in the hills near the junction of the Chekiang, Kiangsi and Fukien Provinces and are making successful attacks elsewhere in Kiangsi.

On the Honan-Shansi border the Chinese hold positions in the Tai shan mountains despite 4 Japanese attempts to storm the passes while other Chinese columns are attacking the Japanese rear.

Protection For A. V. G.

WASHINGTON, June 23.

Legislation to provide death benefits, hospital accommodation and other military protections to members of the American Volunteer Group between December 7th and a few weeks ago have been proposed by Senator Hill.

Technically the American Volunteer Group under Colonel Clare Chennault in Burma were not members of the American Armed Forces but served as paid volunteers with the Chinese Government. Senator Hill's proposal would provide benefits to those men who became casualties before being taken into the regular United States Services.—Reuter.

AKYAB BOMBED

R. A. F. Raids On Jap Concentrations In Burma

NEW DELHI, June 23.

Royal Air Force bombers carried out three raids on Japanese concentrations in Burma on June 22nd, says Air Headquarters Press communique.

Akyab was attacked twice.

In the morning, the town itself and the aerodrome were the main targets. Direct hits were obtained on roads and buildings 300 yards from the main jetty. Later, in the day, Blenheim aircraft again operated over the town and bombed it.

Other aircraft raided Magwe aerodrome. Despite accurate anti-aircraft fire, the bombers pressed home their attack.—A.P.

Eye Witness' Account Of Shelling Of Stavan Point

ZEBLLOS (British Columbia), June 23.

The first eye-witness' account of the shelling of Stavan Point is given by an Indian, Ben Thomas who came here from Stavan 45 miles northward up the coast of Vancouver Island.

The half hour of shelling included about 19 shells but did no damage, Thomas said. Only one shell landed close to the lighthouse which is beside the radio station.

"Shells smashed a lot of rock beyond the Indian reservation, it was poor shooting".

The Indian said that the lighthouse keeper shut off the light when the attack began and the only damage was a few windows in the radio station broken by concussion.—Reuter.

R. A. F. Attack On Axis Convoy

Torpedo-Aircraft From Malta Sink One Ship & Secure Hit On Destroyer

LONDON, June 23.

Torpedo-carrying aircraft of the R.A.F. in Malta sank a medium-sized merchantman in an Axis convoy on Sunday afternoon in the Central Mediterranean, it is officially stated in London.

Another merchant vessel was hit and an escorting destroyer probably hit.

The torpedo-carrying aircraft found the destroyer one mile ahead of the two merchant ships.

The convoy has "Junkers 88s" and "S.M. 79s" protecting it, while the British attacking aircraft were supported by fighters. An R.A.F. formation attacked the rear merchantman at short-range and hits were seen followed by a big burst of flame and smoke. Torpedo planes attacked the leading merchantman and explosions were seen on her bows and amidships.

Photographic reconnaissance later showed that it was only one merchantship anywhere near the scene at attack.

While torpedo-aircraft were making the attack, British fighters dealt with the air escort. One "S.M. 79" burst into flames and dropped into the sea. Two "Junkers 88s" also caught fire and dived into the sea and another "S.M. 79" was damaged

Three R.A.F. torpedo-carrying aircraft did not return.—Reuter.

U. S. FREIGHTER TORPEDOED

88 Lives Believed Lost In American Waters

WASHINGTON, June 23.

The navy announced that an enemy submarine fired two torpedoes in quick succession on an American freighter, which sank in three minutes on June 16 with the possible loss of 88—the heaviest loss in American waters by enemy action.—Reuter.

R. A. F. ATTACKS EMDEN AGAIN

LONDON, June 23.

Air Ministry 'communique states: "Emden was again bombed by a strong force last night when a concentrated attack was made in less than an hour. The weather was clear apart from a slight ground haze and well-placed flares gave valuable help in the identification of targets.

"Airfields in the Low Countries were also bombed and Fighter Command 'intruders' attacked airfields and other objectives in Northern France.

"Six of our bombers are missing."

GERMANY CONFIRMS

Emden was bombed by the R. A. F. last night says the German News Agency. "British bombers attacked the north-west coastal area." The report states. "The attack which was carried out with explosive and incendiary bombs was mainly directed against the town of Emden."—Reuter.

Supply Ship And Nazi Patrol Vessel Torpedoed

LONDON, June 23.

There had been considerable patrol activity in the English Channel and the North Sea during the last three nights, says an Admiralty communique.

Early on Friday a British patrol attacked a convoy consisting of two supply ships escorted by an armed trawler and half a dozen E-boats. The larger supply ship was torpedoed and some E-boats hit by gunfire. One British coastal craft was lost.

On Saturday night light coastal forces fought a spirited action with a German force in which a German patrol vessel of 150 tons was left burning fiercely and some E-boats were probably hit. There was no British damage or casualties.

On Sunday night a light vessel manned by Poles attacked six E-boats and scattered them damaging some by gunfire. The Poles sustained no casualties.—Reuter.

Raids On Malta Increase

CAIRO, June 23.

With the fall of Tobruk enemy activities over Malta have increased and in the last 48 hours ten enemy machines were brought down and many others were badly cripp'ed.—Reuter.

R. A. A. F. On Full Battle Basis

MELBOURNE, June 23.

The Australian Air Minister, Mr. Drakeford, announced to-day that the Australian Air Force will be placed on full battle basis linked with the United States air arm. Many training aerodromes are now fully operational and are meeting the United States' need for stations.—Reuter.

Mr. K. N. Joglekar Released

Mr. K. N. Joglekar, a Communist, was released from the Yeravda Jail, where he was under detention as a security prisoner had arrived in Bombay on Monday.

JAP ADVANCE MUST BE HALTED

Chungking Minister Reveals Nippon's Strategy And Points Out How Disastrous It Will Be If It Succeeds

BOMBAY, June 23.

Dr. Shih-Chieh, the Chinese Minister for Information, gave the following statement to foreign correspondents at this afternoon's Press Conference in Chungking:

"For over five weeks since May 15, Japanese new drive in China has been going on with ever increasing intensity, the present Japanese strategy is to concentrate upon one point at one time. On the Chekiang-Kiangsi front, Japan has thrown in far more forces than in any of her previous campaigns against Changsha. She is also using immense air support in this campaign. According to the latest field despatches, Japan is even employing forces from the South Seas. After five weeks of fighting the enemy has taken some cities in Kiangsi and Chekiang. On the other hand, Chinese troops are penetrating into enemy flank and rear.

GRAND STRATEGY

Japan is trying to take all those strategic points in China from where an Allied counter-attack could be launched. Only recently the Japanese radio announced that the Japanese Government was trying to construct a railway between Shanghai and Singapore, 'via' Hanchow, Fucheng, Nanchang, Indo-China and Thailand. This move clearly shows that with the help of a railway system across the Asiatic mainland, Japan will be at a greater advantage in prosecuting the war against the United Nations. With the completion of the Moji-Shomonoseki undersea tunnel, Japan is able to send troops to Korea. Japan is already connected by rail with Manchuria and Korea, 'via' Nanchang and Hsinking.

IMMEDIATE TASK

From this one can easily understand the importance of the reported plan. Viewed in this light, the frustration of the enemy's present drive in Chekiang and Kiangsi becomes all the more important. As to how this drive can be checked without colossal sacrifices it is, of course, unnecessary for me to emphasise once again. The striking power of the Chinese army must be strengthened to remove the growing menace of a Japanese advance.

The spokesman appreciated the friendly attitude of the Indians towards the Chinese. He said: "China too is greatly concerned with the welfare and security of the 350 million people of India."

SLOW PROGRESS

The Chinese military spokesman said that the Japanese troops in Kiangsi had made a slow progress in the past week, and that hundred kilometres of land still separated the four major enemy columns along the Chekiang-Kiangsi Railway. The Japanese had been trying in vain to draw a wedge in the Chinese defences on the railway. Fighting was still progressing at a point five to eight kilometres south of Kwangseng. The Japanese seem to be concentrating on Shangjao and Kinki.

The situation had been more or less stable during the past 48 hours, but there were indications that the enemy would attempt to push forward. Numerous Chinese have been forced by the enemy to transport war supplies and equipments into the fighting zone, the spokesman revealed.

ON KWANGTUNG FRONT

In South China on the Kwangtung front an enemy column advancing northward along the Canton-Hankow Railway had been stopped at a point on the east bank of the Pei River about 75 kilometres north-west of Canton. Another column to the north-east of Canton had not only been checked, but had been forced to withdraw to its original points. Still another column in the Tamsui area was making only slight progress.

The Executive Yuan, at its weekly meeting to-day, raised the status of the Chinese Envoy to the Polish Government in London from that of a Minister to an Ambassador. It is understood that a new Chinese Ambassador to Poland will soon be appointed. —A. P.

EX-PREMIER TO BE TRIED

Orissa Govt. Sanctions Prosecution Of Biswanath Das

CUTTACK, June 23.

At a Press Conference to-day the Chief Secretary to the Government of Orissa stated that the prosecution under the Defence of India Rules had been sanctioned of Mr. Biswanath Das, ex-Premier and leader of the Orissa Congress Assembly Party, for a speech delivered by him in the Aska district, Ganjam.—United Press.

GLOUCESTER IN CEYLON

Visit To State Council

COLOMBO, June 23.

The first public engagement in the Duke of Gloucester's crowded programme to-day was a visit to the Ceylon State Council. The Dukes said: "I want to see for myself and report to my brother the King what is being done here in the way of military and civil defence.

Sir Baron Jayatillaka, welcomed the Duke stated: It is our sincere hope that during your visit, brief as it is bound to be, your Royal Highness will find ample evidence of the fact that Ceylon is prepared better than ever to defend its shores and also contribute its share for maintenance of those principles and ideals for the preservation of which Great Britain and Allied Nations are fighting to-day."

In his reply H. R. H. the Duke recalled his earlier visit to Ceylon in 1934 when "I brought back to you at my father's command the Royal Kandyan insignia."

After stressing the special responsibilities of elected representatives of the people in these critical days H. R. H. the Duke said: "The Island's war effort up-to-date affords you room for just pride but not for complacency. We cannot rest or be satisfied with our efforts in this struggle until victory is won and, remember, no effort can be too much if it is for the good of Ceylon."

King On Gloucester's Ceylon Visit

COLOMBO, June 23

"I am very glad you have been able to include in your tour a visit to Ceylon. Please convey my best wishes to the people of the beautiful island and tell them how much they have been in my thoughts during the recent anxious weeks", says a message from H. M. the King to H. R. H. the Duke of Gloucester. His Majesty adds "I have been deeply gratified to hear of the resolute spirit in which the islanders met the first air attacks of the enemy and I congratulate all those engaged in civil defence services. There is much to be done and many hardships ahead to be faced before final victory is won; but I know well the spirit of the people of Ceylon will remain undaunted and that they will relax none of their efforts until the goal has been safely reached."—Reuter.

Another Passenger Succumbs In Hospital

AMBALA, June 23.

Major Carey Grey of the Rajput Regiment, who was injured in the Kalka-Rail-Motor holdup on Saturday night, succumbed to his injuries in the British Military Hospital at Ambala. This makes the total number of killed six.—A. P.

Council Of Regency For Kolhapur

NEW DELHI, June 24.

A Press communique states:—

His Excellency the Crown Representative has decided that the Minority Administration of the Kolhapur State should be entrusted to a Council of Regency, and has been pleased to declare that Her Highness Maharani Tara Bai Sahiba, Senior Maharani of Kolhapur, shall be the regent of the Kolhapur State and President of the Regency Council. Her Highness has expressed her readiness to undertake these responsibilities with effect from Tuesday, July 14th, 1942, and the new constitution will come into force on that date.—A. P.

THURSDAY is PARENTS' DAY!

Fathers and Mothers! Every day thousands of young men are crowding to the Display of Technical Training at St. Xavier's High School. But this Exhibition is also important to you, and for this reason Thursday, the 25th June, is being declared PARENTS' DAY—the day on which you are specially invited to come and see for yourself what opportunities technical specialisation would open up for your sons. Come and examine at first hand the advantages of a technical career for them—a career in which they will earn money from the start, and which will fit them for useful and well-paid jobs in post-war India.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, himself a famous father, has kindly consented to act as host on Parents' Day. Do not miss his opening address at 5-30 p. m.

THE DISPLAY OF TECHNICAL TRAINING

by trainees for the Royal Indian Navy, the Indian Army and the Indian Air Force, at

St. Xavier's High School

Carnac Road, Bombay.

10 a. m. to 7 p. m. daily.

PARENTS' DAY - THURSDAY, 25TH JUNE

MEHERALLY FOR MADRAS

To Inaugurate National Youth Conference

MADRAS, June 23.

Mr. Yusuf Meherali, Mayor of Bombay, is expected to arrive in Madras on the 5th July to inaugurate the Madras National Youth Conference to be held here on that day.

Fourteen Councillors of the City Council have sent a requisition to the Mayor of Madras to convene a special meeting to consider a resolution to present a civic address to the Mayor of Bombay during his ensuing visit to Madras.—A. P.

SIMLA, June 23.—Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab has arrived back in Simla today from Lahore.—A. P.

Cuticura

OINTMENT

Septic germs lurk everywhere—the least scratch will let them in. But no germ can get into a scratch when you apply Cuticura Ointment.

FOR CUTS & SCRATCHES

Restful sleep

DISTURBING COUGH BANISHED

KASPHO gives instant relief from irritating cough. Its soothing ingredients cling to the throat and at once ease irritated membranes that bring in coughing-spells. It then starts curative process, loosens and expels germ-laden phlegm, cures inflammation and banishes cough permanently.

Available at all Chemists.

Kaspho

MIRACLE COUGH-CURE TABLETS

AYURVEDASHRAM PHARMACY Ltd. AHMEDNAGAR

BRANCHES. Girgaum, Dadar, Kalbadevi Road. Also at Poona, Amraoti & Hubli. For Madras Presidency & Nizam Dominions: Deccan Ayurvedashram Pharmacy Ltd., Secunderabad (Deccan), Sultan Bazar, Hyderabad (Deccan).

AUTHORS OF RAIL MOTOR OUTRAGE

Two Armed Men With Improvised Masks

NEW DELHI, June 23.

Two armed men with the tail of their turbans wound as an improvised mask round the lower part of their face were the authors of Saturday's rail motor outrage near Kalka, according to the latest reports available here.

After shooting the driver, one of the men opened the door to the left of the driver's seat and speaking English with noticeably good accent ordered the passengers to put up their hands and then with his companion proceeded with calm deliberation to pick off the military officers and ordered the others to get down. Mr. Martin whose death in the Ambala Hospital is reported, was the only civilian attacked apart from the driver. It is stated that the men shot Mr. Martin because he was not prompt enough in complying with the order to put up his hands.

The two men are said to have been most casual in their attempt to get the money of the passengers. They did not search the pockets of the dead men for valuables nor did they make any effort to see whether the other passengers were keeping anything from them. According to one report Wing Commander Hogg was not shot but apparently died of shock at the sight of his son being shot dead.

The four injured taken to Ambala Hospital were Mr Martin, Major Carey, Greaty of Yol Camp, Kangra, Major Steel and Lt. Gateley.—A. P.

AMERY ASHAMED TO ADMIT

Kripalani On Excess Of Limits Of Arbitrary Law

NAINITAL, June 23.

Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress has issued the following statement:—

The Government of India has been pleased to reimpose the ban on the publication of the two resolutions passed at the last meeting of the A. I. C. C. in an altered form. The Government seem to have realised that their previous ban was not comprehensive enough. Yet the raid of the A. I. C. C. office was carried through on the strength of the old order. The new order seems to be in answer to my statement made after the raid that the old ban applied only to newspapers and did not prohibit discussion of the resolutions in the A. I. C. C. meetings or their circulation by our office. The defect in the first has therefore been cured. But the illegal detention of the office machines and the documents other than the banned resolutions still continues.

ECHO IN PARLIAMENT

In answer to a question in Parliament about the banned resolution the India Secretary is reported to have said that one of the banned resolutions were seized. Mr. Amery is either ill-served by his subordinates in India or is ashamed to admit in the Parliament that his agents have exceeded the limits of even an arbitrary law in seizing machines and documents unconnected with the partially banned resolutions. Our experience is that once the authorities have committed a wrong they refuse to ractify it lest an impression be created that the all wise Indian Government is fallable and can perpetrate legal and moral wrongs. I hear that a copy of one of my articles seized has since been returned to the office. Evidently the article was not considered a prejudical document. If that is so why are not other similar documents returned and why are the machines kept. We wait for an answer from the authorities though perhaps in vain.—A. P.

SIR SHANMUKHAM RESIGNS

NEW DELHI, June 23.

Sir Shanmukham Chetty has, for personal reasons, resigned his office as Head of the Indian Purchasing Mission in the United States of America, it is announced. The Government of India have accepted the resignation with regret, and place on record their appreciation of the very valuable service rendered by Sir Shanmukham Chetty.

Mr. K. C. Mahindra, member of the firm of Messrs. Martin and Company, Calcutta, has been appointed Head of the Indian Purchasing Mission in succession to Sir Shanmukham Chetty and will leave for America early in July.—A.P.

Latest Commercial

COTTON

JULY

New York, June 23

Previous closing 18.32
To-day's opening 18.36
Difference ..... +04
To-day's closing see Stop Press.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 23

Following are the New York opening ranges:—
July (18.21/21) 18.36/36
October (18.55/53) 18.74/73
December (18.54/54) 18.88/87

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, June 23

SEEDS

Castorseeds Bombay June/July (£24 sellers) £24 sellers
Linseed Calcutta June/July unquoted
Linseed La Plata June/July (£19 1/8 quoted) £19 1/8 quoted
Groundnuts Coromandal June/July (East Coast India shipment not quoted) West Coast India shipment (£24 sellers) £24 sellers.

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 23

Previous closing 4.03 3/4
To-day's opening 4.03 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 23

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON GOLD

London, June 23

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, June 23

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES

London, June 23

London on Bombay (1-5 1/32 sellers 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 23

London Stock Exchange remained quiet to-day.

3½ PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, June 23

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £100 13/16

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

5 per cent 1958-68 £101

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £32 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 3/8
2 per cent Conversion Loan £100
4 per cent Funding Loan £115
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £105 3/4
3 per cent War Loan £101
4 per cent Victory Bonds £114 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 17-7 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 35-7 1/2
Electric Music Industry 15-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson 24-0
Imperial Chemical 31-7 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary 54-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £80
Dundee 27-0
Unilever Ordinary 27-0
Ford Motors 25-1 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £60
British American Tobacco Ordy £3 7/8
Carreas 'A' £5 7/16
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 1/8
P and O Defd 27-1 1/2
Distillers 74-3
Bredfords Dyes 7-10 1/2
British Celanese 9-1 1/2
J and P Coates 36-7 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 33-6
Fine Cotton Spinners 8-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-0
Inter Nickel dol 38 5/8
Indian Iron 40-0

TEA SHARES

Assam 13-9
Donaro Tea 25-0
Empire of India 16-3

JUTE

Barnagore £6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 8-7 1/2
Gula Kelampong 8-1 1/2
Rubber Plant 14-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 17-6
Burma Corporation 3-6
Rio Tintos £7 3/4
East Rand Properties £1 15/16
Rand Mines £6 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown £8 1/2
Associated Portland Cement 48-9
Trinidad Leasehold 68-1 1/2
Sub-Nigel £6 3/16
Spring Mines Split Share £1
Union Corporation 135-0

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 36-10 1/2
Anglo-India 42-6
Burma Oil £1 3/4
Mexican Eagle 10-1 1/2
Shell Transport £2 7/32
Royal Dutch £19 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £45
London Midland Ordinary £19 3/8
London North Eastern Defd £2
London Southern Defd £16
London Transport 5 per cent £126
London Transport 'C' £40 3/4

New York Stock Exchange

New York, June 23

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:
General Motors dol 36 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 24 1/2
United States Steel Common dol 45 3/8
United States Steel Preference dol 107 7/8

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, June 23.

Gr. Nut August	4	12	0
Cast. seed September	6	0	0
Cott. seed September	2	8	0
Silver 1st Settlement	1	4	0
Gold 1st Settlement	0	8	0

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of The Central Bank of India, Limited, for the fortnight dated 15th June:

LIABILITIES:—

Capital Subscribed Rs. 3,36,00,000		
Capital Paid-up	Rs.	1,68,00,000
Reserve & Contingency Fund	Rs.	1,01,00,000
Deposits, Debts due to Banks & Agents, Bills Payable, etc.	Rs.	47,73,15,000
Sundries including Branch—Adjustments	Rs.	7,81,30,000
	Rs.	58,23,45,000

Assets:—

Cash Credits & Overdrafts on Government & other Authorised Securities	Rs.	10,57,36,000
Loans on Government & Other Authorised Securities	Rs.	3,98,52,000
Bills Discounted	Rs.	1,57,53,000
Lands & Buildings	Rs.	1,13,48,000
Sundris including Branch—Adjustments	Rs.	6,21,54,000
Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at Call and Investments in War Bonds, Government Paper, Treasury Bills, Shares, Debentures etc	Rs.	34,75,02,000
	Rs.	58,23,45,000

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Eight Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 23rd June 1942. Total amount offered was Rs. 16,99,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-13-0 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-9 allotted approximately 47 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 8,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-12-5 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Eight Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 30th June 1942, in Bombay up to 11 a.m. (S.T.) and up to the close of business on Monday the 29th June 1942 at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 3rd July 1942. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 19th June 1942, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,33,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, June 23.

		Extra Super-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G	Bengal U.P.	...	169	166	163	160
M G	Punjab	...	169	166	163	160
M G	Rajputana	...	175	172	169	166
M G	Oomra No. 3	177	174	171	168	...
M G	C.P. No. 1	201	198	195	192	...
M G	C.P. No. 2	189	186	183	180	...
M G	Broach No. 2	...	205	202	199	196
M G	Punj-Amer.	...	285	282	279	276
M G	Surat	...	385	382	379	376
M G	Rajpipla	...	380	377	374	371
M G	Navsari	...	390	387	384	381

Tobruk Reverses Tell Upon London Exchange

LONDON, June 22.

Stock Exchange: Despite the North African position and the severe threat to Sebastopol selling pressure to-day has been negligible and there were buyers, about to snap up any Stock that does come out. The weight of money-seeking investment and its shock-absorbing effect on the Market is more noticeable than ever to-day. The markets steadied after early dullness, but industrials inclined to react in late dealings. Textiles, Tobaccos, and Electrical Equipment finished fractionally lower. Wall Street was easier.—Reuter.

International Bank Of India Ltd

PHENOMENAL PROGRESS

The Directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended 31st March 1942 of the International Bank of India Ltd., Manager, Mr. J. C. Tahkkar, (Ahmedabad). These reveal that the bank, which was started only a little over a couple of years ago, has made notable progress during the year under report. The Bank has opened five branches, two of them are in Bombay. The paid-up capital has increased from Rs. 6,35,555 in 1941 to Rs. 10,04,510 in 1942. Deposits have increased from Rs. 17,76,107 in 1941 to Rs. 40,84,594 in 1942. Loans and advances and bills discounted have increased from Rs. 9,34,493 to Rs. 23,08,539. Total assets have increased from Rs. 25,30,361 in 1941 to Rs. 55,87,150 in 1942 and the profit from Rs. 1,052 in 1941 to Rs. 35,901 in 1942.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS, June 23

The market was quiet. The following are to-day's quotations:—

Bank of Hindustan 20/4 small lot; Peermade pref 118; Peninsular 5/4 cd; Ouchterloney Valley ord 3/13; Velliamattam 24 cd; Travancore Rubbers 12; Kalleswarar 369; Lakshmi 144 cd; Rajalakshmi 118; Rangavilas 84; Vasanta 171; Madura 41; Nilambur 15/4; Steel Rolling ord 6/4; Travancore Sugar 14/4; Be Be 8/12; Mettur Chemical old ord 14/12; Mysore Paper 17; Coimbatore Spg 126/8; Indian Bank Big 96/8; Midlands 8/9; Mysore Chemical and Fertilisers 17/14; Cambodia 13/14; Cochin Malabar 9/14; Kalasa 8/8; Woodlands 10/12; Rajagiri 8/12; Cottanad pref 12; Buckingham ord 246; Cochin State Power 6/12; Mettur Industries 180; Kalpettas 25; Lakshmi New 60/8.

Company Records And Defence Rules

Director of Information, Bombay, writes: Compulsory removal of companies' records to places of safety in an emergency is provided for by a recent amendment to the Defence of India Rules. If the Central or Provincial Government declares that the provisions of the new rule apply to any local area, the Registrar may remove the records from the registration office to any safe place, notwithstanding the provisions of the Indian Companies' Act. It will also be lawful for the directors of companies to transfer their records and account books to a place of safety. Notice of such removal, however, must be given to members and the Registrar.

MR. V. V. GIRI

Mr. V. V. Giri, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, left for Delhi on Tuesday to attend a conference in connection with the fixing of retail price indices to be held there on June 26.—United Press.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Without comment from a Lahore message in yesterday's "Evening News":

Chaudhri Khaliquzaman, who next addressed the gathering, referred to Mr. Fazlul Huq's proposal for the formation of a rival body to the Muslim League and said that the Bengal Premier, **WHO WAS THE MOVER OF THE PAKISTAN RESOLUTION** at the Lahore session of the League, **WAS IN THE HABIT OF ISSUING STATEMENTS.** He advised the audience not to take him seriously."

Kinda confusing!

* * *

Freedom of the Press in its real sense is to be seen in the London Press comments on the fall of Tobruk. Here are relevant extracts:

"The Times": "There is a case for inquiry whether the requisite dash and speed was lacking, whether, tactical opportunities were adequately and rapidly appreciated."

"The Daily Telegraph": "The loss of Tobruk is inexplicable and inexcusable."

"The Daily Mail": "We are outgeneralled. But have we to blame the Generals or the system?"

"The Daily Herald" criticises Mr. Churchill for retaining the defence portfolio as well as the Premiership.

* * *

Read this extract from a letter on "Red Tape" which appears in a contemporary:

"A huge concern busy working night and day for war work ran seriously short of coke for its foundary. It sent an application for priority certificates to the Controller for Coal Distribution, Calcutta, in March last. After exchange of several letters and wires and filling up of forms, the firm has been asked to apply through the Controller of Supplies, Bombay. The stock of coke has quite disappeared and there is no knowing when the priority certificates will be issued and when the wagons would arrive all the way from Bengal."

In another instance, although the Sales Manager of a producer firm and the controller sit in the same room in a Calcutta office, an application made to the former was returned after a long time with a remark that it should be sent through the latter according to the terms of a lengthy circular. And when that was done, after some delay a terse reply was given that the quantity being small (10 tons), the purchase may be made from an approved stockholder!

It is our fervent wish that our country be spared the idiosyncracies of red tape when the enemy is knocking at our doors.—Yours, etc."

For COUGHS CHESTON

—a product of the well known laboratories 'Cipla'

All Quiet In Dacca

DACCA, June 23.

No incidents were reported today from any part of the city.

Prof. Atul Sen, Mr. Gyasuddin Ahmed Chowdhury and Mr. A. M. A. Zaman, members of the Bengal Assembly, who have been deputed by Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, leader of the Progressive Coalition Party, to study the situation in Dacca, have arrived here.—A. P.

Call For Sixth Batch Of Bevin Boys

The Government of India has decided to send a sixth batch of trainees under the Bevin Training Scheme to the United Kingdom in the near future. The Bombay National Service Labour Tribunal will accordingly receive applications and interview the persons from this Province who wish to volunteer for enrolment under the scheme. No application will be considered which is received later than July 15, 1942, and which is not submitted through the employer, if the person applying is in employment. Candidates should be young men not below 18 years of age, healthy, intelligent, able to read and write and do simple calculations, speak English sufficiently well to be understood and make themselves understood and possess manual dexterity. They must necessarily have a minimum of three years' practical experience of work in any engineering line, such as fitting, turning or machining. Prescribed application forms are further details can be had from the Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal, Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

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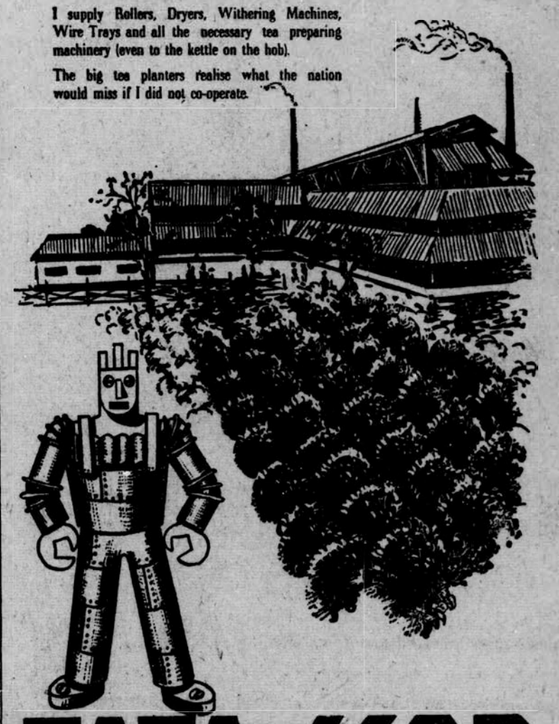
Tea!—the nation's beverage. They welcome me here to convert the quality tips into the drink which stimulates both the rich and the poor.

I supply Rollers, Dryers, Withering Machines, Wire Trays and all the necessary tea preparing machinery (even to the kettle on the hob).

The big tea planters realise what the nation would miss if I did not co-operate.



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Liberal free rations are provided. Uniform is issued free and an upkeep allowance granted.

For further particulars apply to the nearest Recruiting Office.

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GA-108

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff's Got Himself a Hialeah 1942 Model — By BUD FISHER

MUTT, I WANT MY THREE BUCKS BACK!
WHAT FOR?
FOR THE CAR YOU SOLD ME! I CAN'T BUY ANY TIRES OR GAS!
THAT'S NOT MY FAULT!
WHAT AM I GONNA DO WITH A CAR I CAN'T USE?
THAT'S YOUR WORRY!
BING CROSBY
TWO QUARTS OF OATS AND SEE IF SHE NEEDS WATER!
RADIATOR CAP
GAS
RUMBLE SEAT
HEAD LIGHT
TAIL LIGHT
SPARE SHOES
3-18

SHIPMENTS WILL BE RESUMED WHEN CONDITIONS PERMIT

what a welcome they will get!

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"I heard it from a man who was actually there"

Was he? Are you certain?

Don't pass on idle rumours.

They cause uncertainty, unhappiness and loss.

They are started by the enemy

who rely on gullible people to pass them on.

DON'T BELIEVE RUMOURS

BUILD INDIAN WAR FROST AGAINST THE JAPANESE

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MODERATE TRADE BUYING IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

UNDERTONE GOOD BUT BUYERS CAUTIOUS

Bombay, June 23.

On Monday the New York cotton market was steady After replacement demand, trade price fixing and New Orleans buying on War developments, buyers became cautious on Farm Legislation uncertainties which together with further July liquidation and increased realising and hedging caused a partial reaction. Finally short covering developed and the market closed steady.

At the opening July was quoted 3 points down at 18.21 which was the lowest level for the day. Thereafter active buying appeared and July was quoted at 18.37 which was the highest level. Prices reacted on liquidation but again rallied and the market closed at a net rise of 8 to 14 points. Spot cotton prices gained 10 points at 19.96c. per lbs.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also steady with improved demand and closed at a rise of 9 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 10 points at 19.9.c per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION.

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state: On Monday, cotton opened steady and then slightly eased and scattered realising. Upto midday session, price movement was featureless but all of a sudden, heavy speculative buying was started registering an advance of Rs. 12. The reasons attributed were that of a talk of a E.I.C.A. special Board meeting to-day and the prominent bull intending to send in a request to open immediately for trading the new hedge contract and pending its inauguration, July Broach delivery day should be deferred and extended. Whether it was feasible or not, could not be ascertained but this news led to heavy speculative buying with fast and irregular movement in prices, though early bull purchases were liquidated at higher level towards the close. During the last six weeks, cotton prices have been indifferent to any factors except the manipulations of speculators. Seeds were again in the limelight with undiminished Turkish fervour. Although secretary Morganthau's proposal to sell U.S.A. silver to United Nations has not yet been disposed of reported opposition by "silver bloc" encouraged further speculative support in local silver. Discouraging war reports led to tired bull liquidation in shares with a consequent sharp fall in steel.

PRIVATE CABLES:—

N. Y. July highest (10-13 a.m.)	18.37+13
N. Y. July lowest (10 a.m.)	18.21—03

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—Market steadier on trade and scattered buying.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, June 22.

July	18.32+08
October	18.68+13
December	not received.
January	18.88+14
March	19.00+14
May	19.09+13
Middling spot	19.96+10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, June 22

July	18.29+09
October	8.86+11
December	19.00+12
January	19.05+11
March	19.17+11
May	19.26+11
Middling spot	18.86+10

NOON CALL
New York, June 22.

July	18.29
October	18.62
December	18.75

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 23.

Following a rise of 8 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened today at Rs. 199 for Broach J/A delivery and declined to Rs. 197/8 under scattered realising. At this level there was moderate buying and prices improved to Rs. 200/8 but again reacted to Rs. 199/8. At this level a leading firm bought and prices rose to Rs. 201/8. The market is becoming highly manipulated and no doubt, Indian cotton prices are cheap but we prefer purchases on declines.

There was active professional buying and prices rose to Rs. 203 a prominent operator was a persistent seller and prices eased to Rs. 196/8 but again rallied to Rs. 198/8. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

BROACH July/August	Rs.	198	0 0
OOMRA July		171	4 0
BENGAL July		167	0 0

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, June 23.

On Monday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York

London spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. New York spot silver was also unchanged at 35 1/8 cents. London Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62-10-3. The local market was firm with active speculative buying in both gold and silver. As mentioned before the market feeling is still bullish. Quotations were as under:

GOLD.

Ready	Rs.	49	6 0
Jeth		49	4 6
Sovereigns		37	8 0

SILVER.

Ready		84	5 0
Jeth		83	0 0

LONDON SILVER.
London, June 22.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD
London, June 22.

London gold, fine per oz.	£8-8-0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, June 23.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	? days	This year	Last year.
Khandesh	89	80,111	99,364
Central India		30,055	141,168
Barsi and Nagar		53,110	117,110
Hyderabad/Gaorani		17,899	46,385
Berar		177,755	367,596
Central Provinces		87,566	76,396
Total Oomras	29	445,496	847,993
Dholeras		33,233	94,164
N.-W. Provinces		1,425	1,320
Rajputana		402	6,105
Sind-Punjab	170	409,77	531,995
Broach	213	319,195	396,412
Coompta & Dharwar	510	22,519	112,223
Westerns-Northerns	111	25,285	90,265
Cocoanada		.....	239
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	197	15,333	6,054
Arr. by road to 18th June	42	92,520	312,133

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, June 23.

Groundnuts August—			
Opening	60	9	0
Highest	61	12	0
Lowest	60	8	0
Closing	61	6	0
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	30	8	0
Highest	30	13	0
Lowest	30	8	0
Closing	30	11	0
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	58	0	0
Highest	59	6	0
Lowest	58	0	0
Closing	59	0	0
Linseed September—			
Closing	8	6	0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 23.

	Old.	Ready
Bengal	.....	166/69
Berar	145-50	173/76
C.P. 1	155-57	199/95
C.P. 2	147-50	180/82
Khandesh	130-35	...
Muglai	138-40	...
Broach	140-45	200/6
Broach Low	130-35	...

GONORRHOEA CURED

OLD or NEW cured Guaranteedly MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m only:

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HOWRAH
Branch: 40, HARRISON RD., CALCUTTA.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Scattered Buying In Mill Shares

Bombay, June 23.

Although there was absence of buying urge, the local Share Bazar ruled steady to-day with scattered buying in cotton mill shares. War news is mainly responsible for the cautious attitude and the future course entirely depends upon war developments. The market is also somewhat overbought in cotton Mill shares and any important advance is likely to draw realising. Tata Steel shares failed to show any progress. Steel Dids. were quoted at Rs. 1487/8 and Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 298. Bombay Dyeings were steady at Rs. 1262. Kohinoor stood at Rs. 490 and Simplex shares were quoted at Rs. 21b.

Wall Street experienced no selling pressure but under the influence of pessimistic war news, the market worked downward throughout the day with steels, motors, mails orders and high grades closing upto 3 points. However scattered rails contested the decline while oils, coppers and utilities were generally narrow. While advances were scarce, latterly extreme setbacks were reduced in many cases. U. S. Steel shares declined dollar one at 45 1/4. Anaconda copper lost 1/2d 24 1/4 and General Motors closed 5/8 lower at 36 3/8 dollars.

TEXTILE MILLS.
Bombay, June 23

Apollo 5/4; Ahmedabad Advance 350; Bombay Dyeing 1272/8; Central India 375; Century 469; Colaba Land 183; E.D. United 2/15/9; Finlay 212; Gokak 261/8; Indian Bleaching 172; Indore Malwa 341/14; Kohinoor 495; Lakshmi 780; Morarji 600; Mysore 137/3; New Great 277; Phoenix 405; Podar 221/4; Sassoon Silk 91/12; Sholapur 6450; Simplex 220; Swadeshi 460; Swan 198; Tata Mill 34; Vishnu 1587/8; New City 260

ELECTRICS.

Andhra Valley 1620; Ahmedabad Electric 182/8; Ajmere Electric 13/10; Bombay Suburban (old) 173/12; Bombay Tramways 131/4; Karachi Electric 187/8; Poona Electric 215; Surat Electric 193/12; Tata Hydro 168/8; Tata Power 1490

MISCELLANEOUS

Asso. Cement 169/8; Belapur Sugar 232; Bombay Burma 226/4; Bombay Burma New 71; Bombay Steam 340; Shivrajpur 36/12; Tata Steel Def. 1500; Tata Steel Ord. 300; Prem. Construction 118/8 Br. B. Petrol 1/6; Ind. Radio Def. 330; Ind. Radio Ordy 350; Scindia Steam 20/4; Tata Chemical 15/4; Tata Oil 53; Western India Match 221/4; Burma Corporation 2; Indian Iron 26/4; Indian Copper 2; Steel Corp. Bengal 16/6.

BANKS

Baroda 113; Central 46/12; Imperial P. P. 1536/4; Imperial P.P. 380; India 141; Reserve 103; Union 6/3

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prant 915; Central Prov. 112; Gujarat 103/8; Hoshiarpur Doab 97; Mandra Bhon 110; Sara Sirajgunge 98/8; Sialkot Narowal 115

INSURANCE.

Empire 700; Jupiter 15; New India 49/8; Oriental Life 4060; Vulcan Insurance 9/14

DEBENTURES.

4 per cent Tata Chem. 1952 120; 4 per cent Andhra 1952 104/14; 4 per cent Bom. Telephone 48/4; 4 per cent Tata Power 1951/55 104/14.

PREFERENCE.

5 per cent Ahm. Advance 125; 7 per cent Andhra 1550; 7 per cent Bom. Tram 77/8; 6 per cent Bom. Steam 327/8; 5 per cent Central India 682/8; 6 per cent Tata Steel 1st 204/10; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Steel 2nd 131/8; 7 per cent Tata Hydro 150; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Power 1597/8; 6 1/4 per cent P Const 1st 122; 6 1/4 per cent P. Const. 2nd 118; 5 per cent Swadeshi 138; 5 per cent T. Chem. 118/12

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 23.

Steel shares displayed an irregular and narrow movement, while mill shares fared better. Tata Deferreds ruled between 1500 and 1485 and Tata Ordinaries between 301 and 297. Bombay Dyeings were steadier at 1270 and Centuries at 469. Indian Irons were dull at 26-6.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1485), 1495, 1500, 1485, 1495. Tata Ordinaries (297), 298, 301, 297, 299. Tata Ordinary 299; Tata Deferred 1495; Indian Iron 26-6; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 16-6; Bombay Dyeing 1270; Central India 375; Century 468-12; Gokak 263-12; Kohinoor 493-12; Simplex 220; Andhra Valley 1610; Tata Hydro 168-2; Tata Power 1485; Associated Cement 169-8; Belapur 233-3; Bombay Burma (old) 226-4.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 22.

Broach J/A highest 201 lowest 187 3/4 closing 199 1/2

Oomra July highest 171 lowest 163 1/4 closing 170 1/2

Bengal July highest 166 lowest 159 closing 164

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below New York July 1,069 cent points at Exchange Rate 331.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, June 22.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£64
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£100 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£82 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£100 1/16
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	£106
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£115 1/16
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£114 1/2
Chartered Bank of I.A. and China	£7 1/4
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London reg)	£58
National Bank of India	£28 1/4

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, June 22.

T. T. London on:—

New York sellers 4.02 1/2 buyers	4.03 1/2
Madrid official	4.06 voluntary rate 46.55
Montreal sellers	4.43 buyers 4.47
Zurich sellers	17.3 buyers 17.4
Stockholm sellers	16 85, buyers 16.95

LONDON WHEAT.
London, June 22.

Rosario Santa Fe June/July quoted	34/9
Barletta Russo June/July quoted	34/9
South Australian wheat June/July quoted	35

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, June 23.

2 3/4 per cent 1948-52	97/6
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	91/4
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan	99
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan	99/12
3 per cent 1963-65	91/15
4 per cent 1960-70 Loan	101/14
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	101/13
3 per cent War Bonds	102
3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan	102/3
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan	110/10

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 Loan	108/4
4 per cent 1953-63 Mysore	113
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	122

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947	103/12
4 per cent M Deb 1947	104
6 per cent M Deb 1959	112
5 per cent M Deb 1954	123
5 per cent K P T 1956	122/8

Tone:—Quiet.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, June 23.

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs.	118	0 0
Copper Sheets		139	0 0

Tone:—Firm.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 23.

Yarn No. 6 1/2sc June 218 August 219;
Yarn No. 10 1/2s June 264 August 268
Yarn No. 20 1/2s June 381 August 387
Yarn No 40s June 545 August 550
Quotations for 6 1/2s 10 1/2s 40s are nominal.

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 23.

Copper sheets lb 21 Rs. 152 28 143 35 143 42 140 49-56 138

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb 20-21 Rs. 128 24 124 28 123 35 113 42 112/8 49-56 112/8

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs 104 Rosita Rs. 102

Country make Rs. 66 Pigiead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 55 per cwt.

Settlement Rates:—

Copper sheets Ashad Rs 142

Pigled "B.M." Aso Rs. 145

Market Tone:—Steady.

PEPPER AND GINGER

Bombay, June 23.

Pepper Ready		209	0 0
Pepper Ashad 15		210	0 0
Ginger ready		98	0 0

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, June 24.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s.)

5 p.m. Iqbar Bano. 5-15 Hamtarah Ghazlen. 5-30 Dilip Chandra Vedi 6-30 For Women. 7-15 Satwant Kaur; 7-30 The Chinese Sceue. 11. 7-45 Bashir Ahmad Khan. 8 From these beginning. 5. 8-15 For villagers only 9-50 Abdush Shakur. 10 Shamshad Bai of Delhi. 10-15 Dilip Chander Vedi. 10-35 Iqbai Bano.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)

7-30 a.m. Gangu Bai of Hubli. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English. 8-10 Khudabaksh. 8-25 V. M. Hindalekar. 8-35 P. V. Amberkar. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 G. S. Yelapurkar. 12-30 p.m. Marathi Bhavgeets. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Variety. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch-hour music.

4-20 School broadcasts. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 H. V. Kadlur. 5-15 Jaltarang solo. 5-25 Khudabaksh. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Kannada Bhajan. 6 News in English. 6-10 Counter-attack. 6-15 News in Hindustani. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Gangu Bai. 7 Stage ke Sitare, No. 4 7-15 Khudabaksh 7-30 P. V. Amberkar. 7-45 News commentary (Hindustani). 7-50 String music. 7-55 V. M. Hindalekar. 8-10 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-30 The voice of America. 8-45 War review (English) 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News Commentary in Hindustani 9-20 News in English. 9-30 BBC News relay. 9-45 Listening post 9-50 War review 10 Gangu Bai of Hubli.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s.)

7-33 to 7-50 a.m As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Gangu Bai 8 Ebrahim. 8-10 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Gujarati geet 9 Hamidi Recital. 9-10 to 9-36 As in Bombay 1. 12-33 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 4-20 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval

61-48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 8-10 As in Bombay 1. 8-10 Recitations from Hindustani poems. 8-30 Thumri tilang. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 AIR Orchestra. 9-10 V. M. Hindalekar. 9-20 P. V. Amberkar. 9-30 Louis Vierne: 9-45 Chamber music.

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Wednesday, June 24, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065

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Regd. No. B 1065

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Fazlul Huq Must Quit Rival Body

Estrangement With League Harmful, Says Sikandar

LAHORE, June 22.

"It is most unfortunate that Mr. Fazlul Huq has thought of starting a rival body to the All-India Muslim League as it would do great harm to India", said Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, in an interview to the Associated Press prior to his departure for Simla to-night.

"It would be much better for Mr. Fazlul Huq, added the Punjab Precier, "to put forward his point of view from within the Muslim League and try to convert others to his view".

Referring to the hold-up of the rail motor near Kalka on the night of June 20, Sir Sikandar said that the dastardly outrage was also responsible for the loss of Wing Commander Hogg, whose constructive work for the Punjab and for the youth of India would always be remembered with gratitude. His loss, he added, was almost irreparable.

The Premier has sent a message of condolence to Mrs. Hogg sympathising with her in her bereavement and stating that her grief is shared by all well-wishers of the province particularly the Punjab youth.

It is understood that Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan met to-day Lala Bihar Lal Channa, President of the Punjab Beopar Mandal when Sardar Baldev Singh, leader of the United Punjab party was also present.

It is reported that the talks related to the question of a settlement with the trading community as part of the scheme for establishing and promoting communal harmony in the province during war time.—A. P.

KOREANS RISE IN REVOLT

WASHINGTON, June 22.

Unofficial reports which hitherto are unconfirmed say that Koreans in Korea and Manchuria have risen in revolt against the Japanese.—Reuter.

NEW PRESIDENT FOR ARGENTINA

Former Supporter Of Neutrality Policy

BUENOS AIRES, June 23.

President Ortiz who had not been discharging the duties of his office for nearly two years owing to failing sight, has resigned. The resignation was officially confirmed by his secretary on Monday.

The Vice President and hitherto Acting President Castillo whose neutrality policy has been the subject of such controversy will, presumably, automatically assume the Presidency under the Argentine Constitution until the present Presidential term expires.—Reuter.

138 Madras Detenus To Be Released

MADRAS, June 23.

The Government of Madras it is learnt, have decided to release 138 out of a total of 162 detenus in this Presidency. Of the 138 detenus to be released as many as 73 belong to the west-coast 32 to Andhra Districts and 29 to Tamil Nad and the rest belong to Madras City.

It is understood that several of the prisoners convicted in the Madras City Communist Conspiracy case and the Kolipatty (Tinnevelly) Conspiracy case are expected to be released. Orders in this connection will be shortly issued.—A. P.

PATNA, June 23.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad left for Wardha last night.—A. P.

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Bolshevism Not Meant For Export

Anglo-Soviet Treaty Lays Foundation Of Friendly Collaboration Between Two Countries After War

LONDON, June 22.

In the course of his speech at the signing of the Anglo-Russian Treaty in London M. Molotov said:

"The second part of the Treaty is comparatively new. The significance of this part of the Treaty lines, first, in the fact that it lays down for the first time basic principles for friendly collaboration between the U.S.S.R. and Great Britain after the war.

It also provides for the collaboration of both countries with other United Nations in the Peace settlement and in the post-war period, this collaboration being conceived on the lines of the basic principles of the well-known Atlantic Charter.

There can be no doubt that an agreement of this kind will be of great significance to the entire future development of Europe. Both countries agree to work together after the re-establishment of peace for 'the organisation of security and economic prosperity in Europe.'

The Treaty states that both countries 'will take into account the interests of the United Nations, and in these objects, they will act in accordance with the two principles of not seeking territorial aggrandisement for themselves and of non-interference, in the Internal affairs of other States.'

"These principles of the Treaty fully accord with the well-known pronouncement made by the head of the Government of the U.S.S.R. Stalin, on November 6th last year when he said, "we have not, and cannot, have any such war aims as the seizure of foreign territories and the subjugation of foreign peoples, whether it be peoples and territories of Europe or peoples and territories of Asia, including Iran."

Stressing the absence of any desire for territorial aggrandisement for themselves and non-interference in the internal affairs of other States, the Soviet Union and Great Britain proclaim the friendly principles of their policy to all freedom-loving nations, and at the same time point to the fundamental difference between their policy and the aggressive policy of Hitlerite Germany, which is fighting for the seizure of the territory of other nations for their enslavement."—Reuter.

Stalin's Blue-Prints For Asiatic Reconstruction

Almost all the diplomatic correspondents of American papers in London emphasise that the recently signed Anglo-Russian Treaty is one of the greatest triumphs of British diplomacy and that the treaty itself symbolises the determination of the United Nations to continue the war till victory is won and peace and liberty of people are reinstated. As to the solution of the post-war problems which has loomed large recently Mr. Mallery Brown, the well informed diplomatic correspondent of the "Christian Science Monitor" throws further light about the peace aims of Stalin in the post-war Europe. He says that the difficulties such as the questions as to whether Soviets want to communize the whole of Europe after the war and the wider problems of Soviet co-operation in post-war reconstruction which had confronted closer understanding and collaboration have been completely solved.

SOVIET-POLISH UNDERSTANDING.

Stalin is understood to have given the Polish Premier, General Wladyslau Sikorski assurances that he, Stalin, believes in strengthening and enlarging Poland. The correspondent, continuing, says that the view that Stalin does not intend to impose communist regime on the rest of Europe is entertained by several influential statesmen in Britain. Sir Stafford Cripps, himself, after his return from Moscow, in several of his speeches has strengthened this impression. Stalin, it is learnt, has pledged Soviet support for reorganising the peace of Europe on a permanent basis and preventing Germany from starting another war. There will be no weakening of Stalin's steady intentions to continue the war until German military power is completely crushed. As to the post-war problems of Asia, it is learnt, that Stalin has not committed himself as they are expected to depend on the course of the war in the Far East and on the question whether Soviet Russia becomes involved in the war against Japan.—India Press Service.

BENARES SEARCHES

BENARES, June 23.

Following the Government order declaring the All-India Forward Bloc to be unlawful searches were conducted by the police at four places in Benares last evening. At two places the police seized literature on the Forward Bloc activities.—A. P.

ALLAHABAD FORWARD BLOC OFFICE SEARCHED

Papers, Furniture And Books Seized By Police

ALLAHABAD, June 23.

The local C.I.D. police searched to-day the Forward Bloc office at Allahabad and seized all papers, furniture and about a dozen books. The police have locked up the premises.

Some literature belonging to the Students Federation whose office is situated in the same premises was also taken away by the police. The District Magistrate has however, ordered, on a representation being made to him, that unobjectionable literature would be returned to the Federation.—A. P.

COMPLICATIONS HOLD UP VICEROY'S SCHEME

Sir M. Usman, Sir "C. P.", Sir Shanmukham, M. N. Roy, Ambedkar And Sir J. P. Srivastava Among Probables For Expanded Council

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 21.

A strange silence prevails in New Delhi over the question of the changes in the Viceroy's Council. Mysterious visitors are coming and going—the latest being Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer who had an afternoon chat with the Viceroy and left the next night for Bombay. So far as is known, no formal letters of appointment have yet gone to anybody—except Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar whose selection for the War Cabinet has been formally communicated to him by the Viceroy.

It is understood that Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar's intention is to leave for Madras at the end of the month on short leave before proceeding to London sometime in the third or fourth week of July. From this it is gathered that the Viceroy's announcement of the new appointments to his Council will be made before the end of the month.

What are the new complications which are holding up the Viceroy's scheme? Several are the reports current in New Delhi at the moment. The number of new appointments to be made is six, but though the number is small, there is a good deal of difficulty in finding the men—and even greater difficulty in fixing the portfolios for them. It is understood that the British Government have more or less agreed to take a Sikh into the Viceroy's Council. The name mentioned is Sir Jogindar Singh, but as he is now Prime Minister of Patiala, he is reported to be not very keen—it is difficult to give up a secure Prime Ministership for an insecure position in the Viceroy's Council. No decision has apparently yet been taken about the portfolio which can suitably be offered to Dr. Ambedkar—another of the prospective Members. Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer came personally to New Delhi to explain his position. It is said that he has also laid down certain conditions—particularly on the portfolio question. According to information here, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer is so greatly fancied both in Whitehall and New Delhi that one of the bigger portfolios may be offered to him, as otherwise he may also prefer to continue in Travancore.

DEFENCE MEMBERSHIP

For the Indian Defence Membership there has been only one name mentioned hitherto, Sir Mahomed Usman—but as the process of reshuffling of portfolios and consideration of new names is still going on, one cannot say what the final arrangement will be.

At the moment it looks as if it has been more or less decided to appoint Mr. N. R. Sarker to the Commerce portfolio when Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar vacates it. The fact is that some of the Indian Members of the Viceroy's Council have been nursing a grievance—that good portfolios were not given to them at the time of the last expansion and that therefore, when vacancies arise, they should be preferred to newcomers for the more important portfolios.

Sir Sultan Ahmed has been asking, it is said, for the Information portfolio either in place of or in addition to the Law Portfolio.

NON-OFFICIAL EUROPEANS' CLAIM

Apparently those influential circles in England and also in India who have been pressing the appointment of a non-official European to the Viceroy's Council have very nearly succeeded. The non-official European community claims that it is part of the Indian body politic and should therefore be represented. It may be remembered that in the Sapru-Linlithgow interview last year, this question was discussed—whether in the scheme for complete Indianisation of the Viceroy's Council the non-official European should not be regarded as an Indian. The claim is based on the plea that a large number of Europeans are permanently settled in India and have a permanent stake in this country. The idea appears to have been to appoint a non-official European commercial magnate of Calcutta—now in England—as Railway Member. This, however, is reported to have been opposed by the Indian Members of Government on the ground that public opinion is hostile to it and any good that the expansion scheme may seek to do will be nullified by this wrong step. It remains to be seen what the Viceroy does.

Other names mentioned for the Council are Sir A. F. Rahman, Mr. M. N. Roy, Sir J. P. Srivastava and Sir Shanmukham Chetti. The last, however, has a chance only if Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer declines the offer.

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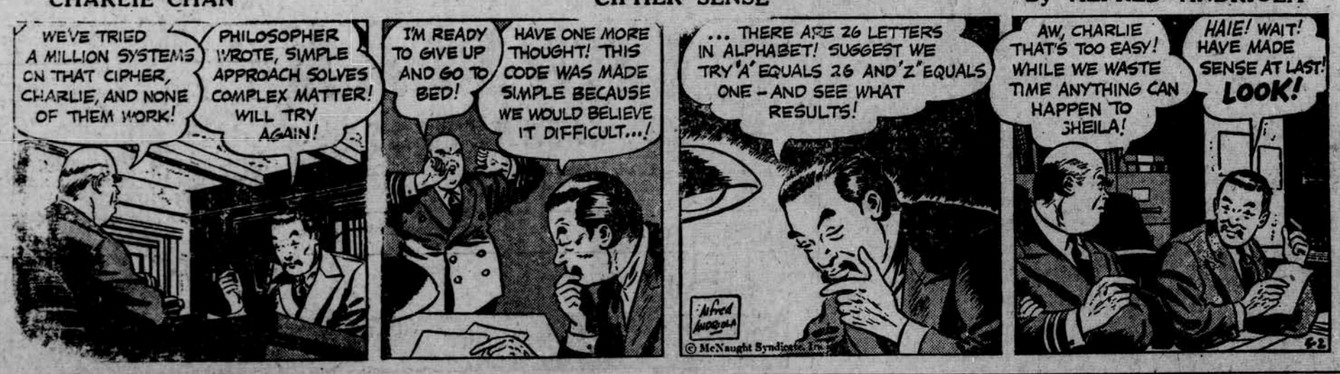
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PHILOSOPHER WROTE, SIMPLE APPROACH SOLVES COMPLEX MATTER! WILL TRY AGAIN!
I'M READY TO GIVE UP AND GO TO BED!
HAVE ONE MORE THOUGHT! THIS CODE WAS MADE SIMPLE BECAUSE WE WOULD BELIEVE IT DIFFICULT...!
... THERE ARE 26 LETTERS IN ALPHABET! SUGGEST WE TRY 'A' EQUALS 26 AND 'Z' EQUALS ONE - AND SEE WHAT RESULTS!
AW, CHARLIE THAT'S TOO EASY! WHILE WE WASTE TIME ANYTHING CAN HAPPEN TO SHEILA!
HAIE! WAIT! HAVE MADE SENSE AT LAST! LOOK!
Alfred Andriola
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